Operational Guidelines

of

Per Drop More Crop Component of Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana



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	Abbreviations						
AC&FW	Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare						
AIBP	Accelerated Irrigation Benefit Programme						
ATMA	Agriculture Technology Management Agency						
BIS	Bureau of Indian Standards						
CIPET	Central Institute of Plastics Engineering and Technology						
CST	Central Sales Tax						
DAC&FW	Department of Agriculture, Cooperation& Farmers Welfare						
DBT	Direct Benefit Transfer						
DIP	District Irrigation Plan						
DLIC	District Level Implementation Committee						
DoLR	Department of Land Resources						
DONER DPR	Development of North Eastern Region Detailed Project Report						
DRDA	District Rural Development Agency						
Gol	Government of India						
HDPE	High Density Polyethylene						
HP	Horse Power						
HRD	Human Resource Development						
ICAR	Indian Council of Agricultural Research						
ICT	Information Communication Technology						
IDWG	Inter Departmental Working Group						
IMD	Indian Meteorological Department						
IPPE	Intensive Participatory Planning Exercise						
ISRO	Indian Space Research Organisation						
IWMP	Integrated Watershed Management Programme						
KVK	Krishi Vigyan Kendra						
MGNREGA	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act						
Mha	Million Hectare						
MI	Micro Irrigation						
MIS	Micro Irrigation System/Management Information System						
MLALAD	Member of Legislative Assembly Local Area Development						
MoA	Ministry of Agriculture						
MoRD	Ministry of Rural Development						
MoJS	Ministry of Jal Shakti						
MPLAD NABARD	Member of Parliament Local Area Development						
NABCONS	National Bank for Agriculture & Rural Development NABARD Consultancy Services						
NCPAH	National Committee on Precision Agriculture and Horticulture						
NEC	National Executive Committee						
NEH	North Eastern & Himalayan States						
NGO	Non-Governmental Organisation						
NRAA	National Rain-fed Area Authority						
NRM	Natural Resource Management						
NSC	National Steering Committee						

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PFDCs	Precision Farming Development Centres
PMKSY	Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana
PRI	Panchayati Raj Institutions
PVC	Poly Vinyl Chloride
RIDF	Rural Infrastructure Development Fund
RKVY	Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana
SAC	Space Application Centre
SAGY	Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana
SAU	State Agricultural university
SC	Schedule Caste
SCP	Special Component Plan
SIP	State Irrigation Plan
SLNA	State Level Nodal Agency
SLSC	State Level Sanctioning Committee
S&MF	Small & Marginal Farmers
ST	Schedule Tribe
GSTIN	Goods & Service Tax Identification Number
TSP	Tribal Sub – Plan
UC	Utilisation Certificate

Salient Features of the Scheme

- Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) has been launched with the motto of providing "Har Khet Ko Paani" and end-to-end solutions in irrigation supply chain, viz. water sources, distribution network and farm level applications. It comprises of four components, namely (i) Accelerated Irrigation Benefit Programme (AIBP), (ii) Har Khet Ko Paani, (iii) Watershed Development and (iv) Per Drop More Crop.
- PMKSY has a two-tier structure at the Central level with National Steering Committee (NSC) under the Chairmanship of Hon'ble Prime Minister and National Executive Committee (NEC) under the Chairmanship of Vice Chairman, Niti Aayog.
- PMKSY Mission has been established in Department of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation for overall coordination and outcome focused monitoring of all components of PMKSY for achieving its target.
- At the state level, PMKSY has a three-tier structure with State Level Sanctioning Committee (SLSC) under the Chairmanship of Chief Secretary; Inter-departmental Working Group (IDWG) under the Chairmanship of Agriculture Production Commissioner (APC)/Development Commissioner; and District Level Implementation Committee (DLIC) under the Chairmanship of District Collector/Magistrate.
- District Irrigation Plans (DIP) is the cornerstone for planning and implementation of different components of PMKSY which identifies gaps in irrigation chain after taking into consideration currently available resources and resources that would be added from ongoing schemes, both State and Central.
- The Annual Action plans is to be drawn from District Irrigation Plans/state irrigation plan focusing on cluster based approach and integrated development of different components in the irrigation chain.
- The scheme is to be implemented through the mechanism of Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT). Aadhaar details of the beneficiary are required to access the benefit of the programme. Aadhaar details need to be linked through a web based registration process.
- The scheme will be monitored through web-portal of PMKSY. Physical and Financial progress achieved during the preceding month is required to be uploaded by states on the web-portal of PMKSY by 5th of every month.
- More focus be given on promotion of micro irrigation for water intensive/guzzling crops to minimise water requirement.
- The pattern of assistance payable to the beneficiary under the micro irrigation scheme will be 55% for small and marginal farmers and 45% for other farmers which will be met by both Central Government and State Government in the ratio of 60:40 for all states except the North Eastern and Himalayan

States. In the case of these states, ratio of sharing is 90:10. For the Union Territories, funding pattern is 100% grant by the Central Government.

- The subsidy payable to the beneficiary will be limited to an overall ceiling of 5 hectare per beneficiary.
- The subsidy payment will be limited to the unit costs specified in the scheme guidelines. 25% higher amounts have been taken into calculation of subsidy for the North Eastern and Himalayan states and 15% higher for states with low penetration of MI namely Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Odisha, Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal and Union Territories.
- The registration of manufacturers/companies under the scheme will be for a period of 5 years. The registration will be open round the year. The registration will, however, be subject to satisfactory performance by the company. In case of violations, penalty provisions have been specified in the guidelines. Repeated failures will lead to de-registration of the company with approval of SLSC.
- Only BIS marked systems/components can be supplied under the scheme.
- The company will provide free after sales service to the beneficiary for a period of at least three years from the date of installation of the system. If it fails to provide free after sales service, action as appropriate similar to other consumer products may be initiated.
- In case the company intends to supply imported components, it shall obtain prior approval from the Department of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare, GoI, New Delhi subject to indigenization of manufacturing of the component within the country in a period of two years.
- Human resource development is an important component of the scheme and suitable provisions have been made in the guidelines for creating awareness, organizing training programmes, Skill development and exposure visits etc.

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1. Introduction

Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) was launched on 1st July, 2015 with the objective to achieve convergence of investments in irrigation sector at field level. The scheme aims at providing end-to-end solutions in irrigation supply chain, viz. water sources, distribution network and farm level applications. PMKSY not only focuses on creating water sources for assured irrigation, but it is also creating protective irrigation by harnessing rain water at micro level through 'Jal Sanchay' and 'Jal Sinchan'. Micro irrigation is an integral component of the scheme to maximise water use efficiency at farm level. PMKSY adopts state level planning and projectised execution that allows states to draw up their own irrigation development based on District irrigation Plans and State Irrigation Plan.

2. Programme components of PMKSY

Components of the PMKSY are as under:

- 2.1. Accelerated Irrigation Benefit Programme (AIBP) To focus on faster completion of ongoing Major and Medium Irrigation, including National Projects This component is being implemented by Department of Water Resources, RD&GR.
- 2.2. PMKSY (Har Khet Ko Pani)- Source augmentation, distribution, ground water development, lift irrigation, supplementing rain water harvesting beyond Integrated Watershed Management Programme (IWMP) & MGNREGA, repair, restoration, renovation of traditional water bodies. This component is being implemented by Department of Water Resources, RD&GR.
- 2.3. PMKSY (Watershed Development) To focus on ridge area treatment, drainage line treatment, soil and moisture conservation, water harvesting structure, livelihood support activities and other watershed works. This component is being implemented by Department of Land Resources.
- 2.4. **PMKSY (Per Drop More Crop)** Focuses on enhancing water use efficiency at farm level through Micro Irrigation viz. Drip and Sprinkler irrigation systems. Besides, it also supports micro level water storage, water conservation/management activities (Other Interventions) to supplement source creation for Micro Irrigation. This component is being implemented by Department of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare.

3. Programme Architecture

- 3.1. Per Drop More Crop will adopt the institutional set up and architecture of overall PMKSY framework as given in the Operational Guidelines of PMKSY. The broad institutional structure as per PMKSY Guideline are:
 - a) National Steering Committee (NSC) under the Chairmanship of Hon'ble Prime Minister with Union Ministers from concerned ministries and Vice chairman, NITI Aayog as members to provide general policy strategic directions for programme implementation and overall supervision addressing national priorities etc.

- b) National Executive Committee (NEC)under the Chairmanship of Vice Chairman, Niti Aayog with Secretaries of concerned ministries/departments and Chief Secretaries of selected States as members to oversee programme implementation, allocation of resources, Inter-ministerial coordination, monitoring & performance assessment, addressing administrative issues etc.
- c) PMKSY Mission has been established in the Department of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation for overall coordination and outcome focused monitoring of all components of PMKSY for achieving its target.
- d) State Level Sanctioning Committee (SLSC) under the Chairmanship of Chief Secretary of the State to sanction projects and activities as recommended by IDWG.
- e) Inter Departmental Working Group (IDWG) under the Chairmanship of Agriculture Production Commissioner/ Development Commissioner with Secretaries of line departments as members. States, if they feel, may take the advice /input of MI manufacturers by inviting representative from manufacturers/ Micro Irrigation Industries /Irrigation Association of India as special invitee.
- f) District Level Implementation Committee (DLIC) under the Chairmanship of Collector/District Magistrate / CEO of Zila Parishad/ PD DRDA, Joint Director/Deputy director of line departments in the district and progressive farmers, representative of MI industry, and leading NGO as members to oversee PMKSY implementation and inter-departmental coordination.

4. Nodal Department

- 4.1. Since the final outcome of PMKSY is to ensure access to efficient delivery and application of water at every farm thereby enhancing agricultural production & productivity, State Agriculture Department may be the Nodal Department for implementation of PMKSY (Per Drop More Crop). However, State Govt. is free to identify the nodal department based on the established institutional set up and mandate of the department. All communication between Ministry of Agriculture (MoA) and State Government would be preferably with and through the nodal department.
- 4.2. States are free to identify dedicated implementing agencies/departments for implementation of Per Drop More Crop.

5. District and State Irrigation Plans (DIPs & SIPs)

5.1. District Irrigation Plans (DIPs) are the cornerstone for planning and implementation of different components of PMKSY which will identify gaps in irrigation infrastructure after taking into consideration the District Agriculture Plans (DAPs) vis-à-vis irrigation infrastructure currently available and resources that would be added from ongoing schemes, both State and Central.

- 5.2. DIPs present holistic irrigation development perspective of the district outlining medium to long term development plans integrating three components viz. water sources, distribution network and water use applications.
- 5.3. The annual action plans for Per Drop More Crop will be drawn from DIPs and implemented in conjunction with the water sources created under PMKSY in cluster mode for holistic development as far as possible.

6. Objectives of Per Drop More Crop

The main objectives of Per Drop More Crop are as under

- 6.1. Increase the area under micro irrigation technologies to enhance water use efficiency in the country.
- 6.2. Increase productivity of crops and income of farmers through precision water management.
- 6.3. Promote micro irrigation technologies in water intensive/consuming crops like sugarcane, banana, cotton etc and give adequate focus to extend coverage of field crops under micro irrigation technologies.
- 6.4. Make potential use of micro irrigation systems for promoting fertigation.
- 6.5. Promote micro irrigation technologies in water scarce, water stressed and critical ground water blocks/districts
- 6.6. Link tube-well / river-lift irrigation projects with micro irrigation technologies for best use of energy both for lifting and pressurised irrigation as far as possible.
- 6.7. Establish convergence and synergy with activities of on-going programmes and schemes, particularly with created water source for its potential use, integration of solar energy for pressurised irrigation etc.
- 6.8. Promote, develop and disseminate micro irrigation technology for agriculture and horticulture development with modern scientific knowledge.
- 6.9. Create employment opportunities for skilled and unskilled persons, especially unemployed youth for installation and maintenance of micro irrigation systems.

7. Implementation Strategies

- 7.1. The PMKSY- PDMC mainly focuses on micro irrigation for enhancing water use efficiency. States may take up sources creation (Other Interventions) activities under the scheme and must be linked with Micro Irrigation to make potential use of the available funds for higher water use efficiency. These activities should be based on actual requirement and as per the needs of the farmer who adopts the Micro irrigation system.
- 7.2. Water is becoming scarce commodity these days due to competitive demand and also due to the change in climatic behaviour, particularly the erratic nature of rainfall. The available water sources or the new sources those are being created need to be used in best possible manner to fulfil the vision of

"Har Khet Ko Pani" and "Per Drop More Crop" of PMKSY through efficient water conservation (Jal Sanchaya) and water management (Jal Sinchan) practices. It is in this context more vital to link most of the water sources with micro irrigation to get extended coverage for a longer duration. Cluster approach may be adopted in irrigation chain development, to have effective integration of source, connectivity, distribution and application.

- 7.3. It is desirable to make potential use of the available water for sustained growth in agriculture sector. Preference should be given to adopt Micro Irrigation technology in water guzzling crops like sugarcane, cotton, banana, etc. and the state implementing agencies should take suitable steps like publicity campaigns, policy provisions & sharing responsibilities with the Micro Irrigation industry so that adoption of technology is initiated in such crops. Industry related to the specific crops like sugar factories should be actively involved in promotion of micro irrigation to their farmers through incentivisation and technical supervision. Apart from horticulture and water guzzling crops, cereals and pulses may also be brought under the ambit of Micro irrigation.
- 7.4. In all the new irrigation commands where hydraulic heads are available, drip irrigation systems need to be encouraged as it can be operated without additional energy support.
- 7.5. Facilities of micro irrigation is under utilised if it is not used for fertigation. States should encourage the use of liquid fertilizers using micro irrigation systems. Availability of liquid fertilisers, awareness among farmers on the benefits of fertigation need to given desired attention for promoting fertigation.
- 7.6. Efforts may be made for integration of micro irrigation with solar pumping units. A solar water pump has a mini power house at its heart and consists of a calibrated and matching solar array of modules tuned with the equivalent power of pump for that particular application. The solar water pumping system is capable of running all types of electrical water pumps with applications varying from irrigation to household demands. Irrigation pumps such as submersible, surface or deep well can also be coupled with drip irrigation systems to enhance the returns from this configuration. A 2000 Watt Peak (WP) solar water pump is capable of drawing and pumping approximately 80,000 litres of water per day from a source that is up to 10 meters deep. This is sufficient to irrigate about 1 ha of land with regular crops.
- 7.7. More focus and priority be given for promoting micro irrigation technologies in water scarce, water stressed and critical ground water blocks/districts to conserve water and get extended coverage in terms of area and time period for live saving irrigation. Where ever feasible efforts be made to link tube-well / river-lift irrigation projects with micro irrigation technologies for best use of energy both for lifting and pressurised irrigation.
- 7.8. Assistance for installation of micro irrigation system is limited to five hectares per beneficiary. The land holding of a beneficiary to be covered under drip/sprinkler system could be located in one contiguous area or at different locations, but the financial assistance will be limited to the overall ceiling of 5 ha. Those beneficiaries, who have already availed subsidy benefits for his /her farm, can not avail the assistance for the next seven years. A beneficiary if

- availed the benefit of subsidy for micro irrigation for a particular farm would be eligible for subsidy again for the same land only after the end of projected life of the micro irrigation system which is 7 years.
- 7.9. In case of Cooperative/group farming, members of cooperative societies, self-help groups, incorporated companies, panchayatiraj institutions, NGOs, Trusts, growers' associations will be entitled to avail financial assistance through their respective bodies. In such cases, the individual beneficiary will receive financial assistance only through the respective organizations with in the overall ceiling of 5 ha per beneficiary.
- 7.10. Beneficiaries/Institutions that have opted for contract farming or taken land on lease are also eligible for obtaining financial assistance under the scheme. However, to become eligible, the beneficiary/institution shall have to produce lease agreement for a minimum period of seven years from the date of approval of application by the MI implementing agency.
- 7.11. Raw material price of polymers & other costs varies a lot because of fluctuation in national/international prices. Accordingly, the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India would consider revision of unit cost norms if found necessary.
- 7.12. PFDCs, ICAR, CIPET, ATMA etc and other reputed NGOs may be involved in planning, implementation, demonstration, training and evaluation under the scheme. The implementing agency at the district level will ensure convergence of activities under the programme with the activities of various departments on water management to get the desired output.
- 8. Drip Irrigation System for states where it has been well accepted by farmers and good infrastructure is available
- 8.1. The scheme is well accepted by the farmers and substantial coverage has been made under micro irrigation system compared to other parts of the country with required infrastructure and service facilities in the States namely Andhra Pradesh, Delhi, Gujarat, Goa, Haryana, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Punjab, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu and Telangana. These states are considered to be category "A" States with comparatively better penetration of micro irrigation technologies.
- 8.2. Drip Irrigation technology involves irrigating root zone through emitters fitted on a lateral tube as well as inserted within the tubing as emitting pipe. The use of different emitters will depend upon specific requirements, which may vary from crop to crop.
- 8.3. Fertigation is important for getting the maximum benefits out of the micro irrigation technology. Therefore, it is mandatory to use a fertigation device by the farmers such as venturi injector or fertilizer tank on which the subsidy is available.
- 8.4. Water requirement, age of plant, plant to plant spacing, soil type, water quality and availability etc are some of the factors which decide the choice of emitting system. The indicative cost of drip irrigation systems (assuming peak water requirement with source of water at the corner of plot), for different

lateral spacing and plot sizes has been provided in the guidelines. An indicative list of system components required for installing a drip irrigation system in the areas ranging from 0.2 ha to 5 ha is at **Annexure-IV a to g**, on the basis of which subsidy will be calculated as per Table 1:

Table 1: Indicative cost of Drip Irrigation System for calculation of subsidy

(Cost in Rs.)

Spacing (mxm)	0.2 ha	0.4 ha	1 ha	2 ha	3 ha	4 ha	5 ha
12x12	10526	18009	24586	39098	60704	75521	96166
10x10	10854	18652	26181	42226	65487	82025	104292
9x9	11091	19114	27304	44469	68853	86606	110024
8x8	11330	19711	28777	47314	73272	92615	117529
6x6	12400	21693	34687	57987	93688	113618	142566
5x5	13144	23486	39378	67199	97110	123409	165815
4x4	14602	24326	41534	72799	113560	148684	176964
3x3	15792	26190	47751	82654	127306	160103	200455
2.5x2.5	19516	35393	68234	124216	189724	266274	325233
2x2	23932	41303	83085	161263	234280	325469	399494
1.5x1.5	28106	46995	97245	185324	276767	382246	470306
2.5x0.6	20201	35000	71733	131824	201464	279770	343433
1.8x0.6	24569	42992	91560	173298	260868	355323	442484
1.5x0.6	28003	50116	109531	207860	313909	425189	530905
1.2x0.6 (or lower spacing)	31436	57241	127501	242422	366950	495055	619326

- 8.5. In case of crops with plant spacing other than those mentioned in above table the amount of assistance could be calculated on pro rata/average basis of the nearest plant area (Row to row x plant to plant spacing in metre). The example is given below.
 - (A) If a subsidy has to be calculated for $1.5 \times 1.5 \text{m}$ spacing i.e. between 1.0 ha (₹97245)and 2.0 ha (₹185324), the cost would be : ₹97245 + [(₹185324-₹97245) /(2.0 ha-1.0ha) x (1.5ha-1.0ha)].
 - (B) If a subsidy has to be calculated for 1.0 ha and 3.5 x 3.5m spacing i.e. between 4.0x4.0m (₹41534) and 3.0x3.0m (₹47751) the cost would be: ₹41534+[(₹47751-₹41534)/(4.0x4.0-3.0x3.0)X(4.0x4.0-3.5x3.5)].
- 8.6. The unit cost of Drip Irrigation system varies with respect to plant spacing and location of the water source. The farmer can avail other interventions as per annexure-XII as per specific requirement of the field in which micro-irrigation installation to be installed.
- 8.7. Assistance under the scheme is available for all types of drip irrigation systems such as on-line & in-line drip irrigation systems.
- 8.8. As small farm holdings may not have individual source of water, it would be preferable to encourage a group of farmers to avail the benefits of drip irrigation through a common water source.

- 8.9. A beneficiary having farms located at different places and having different water source may avail the subsidy as per the guidelines. However, a beneficiary cannot split area at one location into small pockets of the same crop for claiming assistance under the scheme. If a beneficiary has more than one crop with different crop spacing being grown separately in his/her land holding, assistance will be available for installing the drip irrigation system as per the individual crop spacing, the combined area of which will not exceed 5 ha per beneficiary.
- 8.10.In case of inter-cropping, assistance will be available for the prescribed plant spacing/ area, subject to the condition that the assistance will be provided only for one crop as per the farmers' choice.

9. Drip Irrigation System in states with low penetration

9.1. Based on the prevailing coverage and acceptance by farmers, states namely Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Odisha, Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal and Union Territories have been identified as states with low penetration of micro irrigation technology. These states are considered as category "B" in terms of implementation of micro irrigation. The cost of drip system is likely to be higher in these states due to various factors such as lesser presence of manufacturing companies in these states leading to higher cost of transportation, the companies will have to make considerable efforts in making the farmers ready for adoption of technology, and higher cost involved in providing after sales service in these states etc. Thus, 15% higher cost has been taken in consideration while working out the unit cost of drip system in the table below for these states for the purpose of subsidy calculation as per indicative list of system components given at **Annexure-IV a to g**.

Table 2: Indicative cost of Drip Irrigation System for calculation of subsidy in the states where penetration level is low

(Cost in Rs.)

Spacing (mxm)	0.2 ha	0.4 ha	1 ha	2 ha	3 ha	4 ha	5 ha
12x12	12105	20710	28274	44962	69810	86849	110591
10x10	12482	21450	30109	48560	75310	94329	119935
9x9	12755	21981	31399	51139	79181	99597	126527
8x8	13030	22667	33094	54412	84263	106507	135159
6x6	14260	24947	39890	66685	107741	130661	163951
5x5	15115	27009	45285	77279	111676	141921	190687
4x4	16792	27975	47765	83719	130594	170987	203508
3x3	18161	30119	54913	95052	146402	184119	230523
2.5x2.5	22444	40702	78469	142848	218183	306215	374018
2x2	27522	47498	95547	185453	269421	374289	459418
1.5x1.5	32322	54044	111832	213122	318282	439583	540852
2.5x0.6	23231	40250	82493	151597	231684	321735	394948
1.8x0.6	28255	49441	105295	199293	299998	408621	508857
1.5x0.6	32203	57634	125960	239039	360995	488967	610541
1.2x0.6 (or lower spacing)	36151	65827	146626	278786	421992	569313	712224

9.2. In case of crops with plant spacing other than those mentioned in above table the amount of assistance could be calculated on pro rata/average basis of the nearest plant area (Row to row x plant to plant spacing in metres) similar to example given in 8.5.

- 9.3 The assistance will be available for all types of drip irrigation systems; on-line and in-line drip irrigation systems.
- 9.4. In case of inter-cropping, assistance will be available for the prescribed plant spacing/area, subject to the condition that the assistance will be provided only for one crop as per the farmers' choice.

10. Drip Irrigation System for North Eastern and Himalayan States

- 10.1. The coverage of MI system in North Eastern and hilly region is much low due to poor infrastructure and difficult terrain. The states namely Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Tripura, Sikkim, Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand are considered under category "C". In the Hilly states, following points need to be kept in mind while designing a drip irrigation system keeping in view the sloppy and terraced land:
 - It is difficult to lay PVC main and sub-main lines below the ground surface and therefore HDPE pipes are required in place of PVC.
 - The undulating and vertical slopes would lead to comparatively larger length of pipes.
 - To maintain uniform pressure and to irrigate upper most terrace of land, control valve should be provided at sub-main/main lines at 4m vertical drop. Accordingly, the number of flush valves will also increase.
- 10.2. The cost of drip system is likely to be higher in North Eastern & Himalayan states because of the terrain, higher transport cost, lesser presence of manufacturing companies etc. Therefore, unit cost of micro irrigation systems is taken 25% higher in these states for the purpose of subsidy calculations and is given in table below (including 25%) for the indicative list of system components is at **Annexure-IV h to n**.

Table 3: Unit cost for NEH states

(Cost in Rs.)

Spacing (mxm)	0.2 ha	0.4 ha	1 ha	2 ha	3 ha	4 ha	5 ha
12x12	13157	22511	30733	48872	75881	94402	120207
10x10	13567	23315	32727	52783	81859	102531	130365
9x9	13864	23893	34130	55586	86066	108258	137530
8x8	14163	24638	35971	59143	91590	115768	146912
6x6	15500	27116	43358	72484	117110	142023	178207
5x5	16430	29357	49223	83999	121387	154262	207269
4x4	18252	30408	51918	90999	141950	185855	221205
3x3	19740	32738	59688	103318	159132	200129	250569
2.5x2.5	24395	44242	85292	155270	237156	332842	406542
2x2	29915	51628	103856	201579	292849	406836	499367
1.5x1.5	35132	58744	121556	231655	345959	477807	587883
2.5x0.6	25251	43750	89666	164780	251830	349712	429292
1.8x0.6	30712	53740	114451	216622	326085	444153	553106
1.5x0.6	35003	62645	136914	259825	392386	531486	663631
1.2x0.6 (or lower spacing)	39295	71551	159377	303028	458687	618819	774157

10.3. In case of crops with plant spacing other than those mentioned in above table the amount of assistance could be calculated on pro rata/average basis of the nearest plant area (Row to row x plant to plant spacing inmetres) similar to example given in 8.5.

11. Sprinkler Irrigation

- 11.1. In sprinkler irrigation, water is discharged under pressure in the air through a set of nozzles attached to a network of High Density Poly Ethylene (HDPE) pipes, simulating the rainfall. Sprinkler irrigation systems are suitable for irrigating crops where the plant density is very high. It is widely used for cereals; pulses; seeds; spices; and fieldcrops.
- 11.2. Financial assistance would be restricted as per the cost of High Density Poly Ethylene (HDPE) pipes used in sprinkler irrigation systems, even though, the beneficiaries may use aluminium pipes as well. The sprinkler irrigation systems may be portable, mini sprinklers, micro sprinklers and large volume sprinkler systems (Rain-guns). Additional 25% and 15% on the indicated unit cost may be considered for calculation of subsidy for Hilly states including NE region and low penetrating state respectively.

11.3 Portable Sprinkler Irrigation System

- 11.3.1 In portable sprinkler irrigation systems the HDPE pipes are used for mains and sub-mains which can be shifted from one place to another as per the irrigation schedule with respect to design layout. These can be used in both, plains as well as in undulating terrains.
- 11.3.2 The indicative number of components required for various area range of sprinkler irrigation system is annexed. Financial assistance will be provided based on the number of pipes procured by the beneficiary for the area under reference. An indicative list of system components required for installing portable sprinkler irrigation system is at Annexure-V on the basis of which subsidy will be calculated. The indicative cost for various area ranges and pipe sizes is given below in Table 4 below:

Table 4: Indicative Cost of Portable Sprinkler Irrigation System

	(Cost in Rs)				
Area	Pipe Dia. (mm)				
	63	75	90		
Upto 0.4 ha	13211	NA	NA		
Upto 1 ha	21588	24194	0		
Upto 2 ha	31167	34657	0		
Upto 3 ha	NA	NA	46779		
Upto 4 ha	NA	NA	58995		
Upto 5 ha	NA	NA	66789		

Note: In case of low penetrating states and hilly states including NE region, 15% and 25% higher indicative cost respectively may be taken for calculation of subsidy.

11.4 Micro Sprinklers

11.4.1 Micro Sprinklers are mostly used for irrigating leafy vegetables, nurseries, hardening of seedlings and a few vegetables. Apart from providing irrigation, the micro sprinkler also helps in changing the micro climatic conditions near the plant. Micro sprinklers are low radius sprinklers. The selection of micro

- sprinklers depends on the type of crop, soil, types, etc.
- 11.4.2 An indicative list of system components required for installing a micro sprinkler system is at **Annexure-VI**. The indicative cost of Micro Sprinkler irrigation system at different lateral spacing & area is given in **Table5**:

Table 5: Indicative cost of Micro Sprinkler Irrigation System

(Cost in Rs)

	Spacing (mxm)				
Area(ha)	5 x 5	3 x 3			
0.4	32713	38263			
1	65102	74259			
2	114426	133821			
3	164937	191078			
4	222721	263852			
5	281557	321462			

Note: In case of low penetrating states and hilly states including NE region, 15% and 25% higher indicative cost respectively may be taken for calculation of subsidy.

11.5 Mini Sprinklers

11.5.1 They are commonly used for close growing crops like groundnut, potato, onion, ginger, short statured fodder crops, etc. Mini sprinklers are also suitable for frost protection. An indicative list of system components required for installing a mini sprinkler irrigation system is enclosed at **Annexure VII.** The indicative cost of Mini Sprinkler irrigation system at different lateral spacing and area is given below in **Table 6** below:

Table 6:- Indicative Cost of Mini Sprinkler Irrigation System
(Cost in Rs)

Area	Spacing	(mxm)
(ha)	10 x 10	8 x 8
0.4	45694	47528
1	94134	103873
2	176766	187929
3	268422	290935
4	345497	380031
5	423236	469890

Note: In case of low penetrating states and hilly states including NE region, 15% and 25% higher indicative cost respectively may be taken for calculation of subsidy.

11.6 Large Volume Sprinkler Irrigation System (Raingun)

- 11.6.1 Large volume sprinkler irrigation systems (Rain guns) are used where larger areas are to be covered with one or two sprinklers. These sprinklers have a discharge ranging from 10,000 lph to 32,000 lph and radius of throw from 24 m to 36 m. These systems require high pressure and high discharge pipes & pumps to operate them. These are preferred for irrigating crops spread over large areas in short time. The indicative list of components is enclosed at **Annexure VIII**.
- 11.6.2 Pivot Irrigation system is used for a much larger area & are not suitable for the beneficiaries targeted under PDMC. However, if some beneficiary is interested, may avail financial assistance as per unit cost norms of rain-gun system.
- 11.6.3 The estimated unit cost for various area ranges is given in **Table 7: Table: 7 Indicative Cost of Large Volume Sprinklers(Rain-gun)**(Cost in Rs)

Area	Pipe Dia. (mm)					
(Ha)	63	75	90			
1	31684	38127	NA			
2	NA	48370	NA			
3	NA	NA	62767			
4	NA	NA	72751			
5	NA	NA	79894			

Note: In case of low penetrating states and hilly states including NE region, 15% and 25% higher indicative cost respectively may be taken for calculation of subsidy.

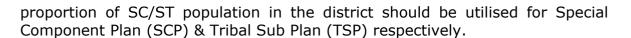
12. Optional Components

- 12.1 The use of optional components depends upon the agro climatic conditions of the place & requirement of the beneficiary. The provision is kept to provide the said component on the then existing rate of subsidy to the beneficiary; if required & provided. These components are:
- 12.2 Fertilizer tank to increase fertilizer use efficiency, fertilizer tanks have been included in the list of equipment eligible for financial assistance. The beneficiary can opt for either fertilizer tank or venturi system or automated dosing system equipment and financial assistance will be provided for either of those components.
- 12.3 Sand filters/media filters to remove organic matter and inorganic contaminants from water sources like rivers, tanks and open wells. Sand/media filters have been included the financial assistance.
- 12.4 Hydro Cyclone Filters/Sand Separators to remove particles of the size of 75 microns (200 mesh) which have a higher density than water, hydro cyclone filters/sand separators have been introduced as an optional item for which financial assistance will be provided. These equipments require minimum maintenance and are useful for cleaning river water, canal water and tube well water which may contain sand.
- 12.5 Drip Line Winder- for wrapping the drip laterals has been included for financial

- assistance.
- 12.6 States may take up sources creation -Other Interventions (OI) activities under the scheme and must be linked with Micro Irrigation to make potential use of the available funds for higher water use efficiency. These activities should be based on actual requirement and as per the needs of the farmer who adopts the Micro irrigation system. The details of eligible OI activities for financial assistance and cost Norms is provided at **Annexure XII**.
- 12.7 The detailed guideline for water quality & filters selection is provided at **Annexure IX & X** respectively. The indicative cost of optional components such as sand filters, hydro cyclone filters and fertilizer tanks is annexed at **Annexure XI.**

13 Key Administrative requirements

- 13.1 The unit cost norms indicated in the guidelines for various technologies/ specifications are for the purpose of calculating subsidy ceiling amount only i.e. it can be less but not more than the indicated amount if the cost is more. The actual cost of the system, however, would vary as per design of the field and other agro climatic conditions. The unit cost for subsidy purpose would be exclusive of any taxes & fiscal levies. However, it is to be ensured that all compulsory system components are provided to the farmer. The BOQ given in the table is indicative & may vary case to case.
- 13.2 An individual eligible to receive the benefits under the scheme is required to furnish proof of possession of Aadhaar Number or undergo Aadhaar registration. If one individual is eligible but do not possess the Aadhaar number she/he can get enrolled visiting the Aadhaar enrolment centre. State Government/Union Territories Administration is required to offer Aadhaar registration facilities to the beneficiaries who are not enrolled and in case no Aadhaar enrolment centre is available in certain blocks/ taluka/ tahshil, the nodal department through its implementing agency is required to provide enrolment facilities at convenient locations in coordination with the Registrars of UIDAI. Till the time Aadhaar is assigned to individual, she/he can avail the benefit of the scheme on production of the following documents Aadhaar enrolment ID slip/ Copy of request for Aadhaar enrolment and Votor Identity Card/ PAN/ Passport/ Ration Card /Employee Govt. ID/Passbook of bank or post office/MGNREGS card/ Kissan photo passbook/ Driving Licence/ any other document as specified byState/UT.
- 13.3 Aadhaar details need to be linked through a web based registration process. The assistance if given in cash, need to be transferred to the bank account of the beneficiary and in case it is given in terms of kind through Companies, the intimation be conveyed as SMS to the beneficiary mobile phone with details of assistance. It should be ensured that no eligible beneficiary suffers for want of Aadhaar and it would be the responsibility of implementing agency to ensure that Aadhaar enrolment of such beneficiaries is carried out on priority. The notification issued in this respect is given at **Annexure-XIII**
- 13.4 It must be ensured that at least 50% of the allocation is utilised for small, marginal farmers of which, at-least 30% should be women beneficiaries/farmers. Further, 16.5% and 8.5% of the total allocation or in



13.5 Transparency in beneficiary selection – It should be ensured that the Implementing Agency follows uniform procedures and full transparency in selection of beneficiaries and release of assistance to the beneficiaries in an efficient manner. Enlisting of the beneficiaries should be open round the year facilitating submission of applications by beneficiaries any time for availing the benefit of financial assistance under the scheme. The state implementing agency need to adopt a web based IT model for implementation of the scheme. Implementing Agency should ensure that selection of beneficiaries is done as per details included in the Annual Action Plan for the component for the year which has been derived from the DIP.

13.6 Pre-installation activities

- The Implementing Agency need to widely publicise the scheme at the block and village levels through its existing networks.
- Appoint a nodal officer who is responsible for coordination of the scheme implementation with the districts.
- Disseminate the list of suppliers and rate list approved by SLSC to the farmers.
- Organize at least one District Level Seminar/Workshop with the participation of Industry.
- Compile the application submitted by the farmers and scrutinize, codify and forward the same to the company's/Manufacturer's local office indicated by the farmer.
- The beneficiary share may be deposited with manufacturer/their representative or the state nodal agency as per the practices to be adopted by the state with the approval of SLSC
- The beneficiary shall be free to purchase MI equipment from any MI manufacture out of the approved list of registered manufacturers.

13.7 The manufacturer company will do/provide the following:

- Assess the crop water requirement as per the crop for which the system is to be provided.
- Design the system as per the crop water requirement.
- Prepare an estimate of cost and submit it to Implementing agency duly indicating the time frame in which the system will be installed in the farmer's field once work order is issued.
- The Implementing agency will approve the estimate, issue work order and ensure installation
- 13.8 The Company will install the system and commission it to the satisfaction of the beneficiary duly ensuring that:
 - Quality components having BIS marking are installed in the farmer's field, and while making payment the implementing agency will ensure the BIS standard of supplied equipment, whichever the BIS standard exists.
 - The date of manufacturing should be printed on the components.
 - The installed system should match the water requirement of the crop.
 - Necessary orientation and training is given to the beneficiary on the system maintenance & irrigating the crop with drip/sprinkler irrigation.
 - Proper warranty and a user's manual for running & maintenance of the

- system whether drip or sprinkler or both- as the case may be is provided to the beneficiary.
- A certificate towards successful installation/commissioning of the system is obtained from the beneficiary.

13.9 Disbursement of assistance post installation

- Financial assistance to the beneficiary will be limited to the prescribed subsidy as per unit cost as prescribed under the guidelines or the actual Bill of Quantities (BoQ) whichever is less. On physical verification of satisfactory installation of the system & a certificate to that effect from the beneficiary, Implementing Agency will release payment to the beneficiary electronically in his/ her bank account.
- The Implementing Agency shall ensure proper invoice with statutory commercial details i.e. Serial number, GSTIN number etc. printed on it and countersigned by the authorized representative of the MI System manufacturer is issued to the beneficiary & subsidy released on the same.
- The manufacturer will install the system as per the agreement with the state nodal agency and the procedure for payment as decided by the SLSC may be adopted. Electronic mode of payment is required to be followed for most of the transactions for implementation of the programme. In case the amount is placed with manufacturers/ companies/financial institutions on behalf of beneficiary, the consent of beneficiary is required and the transaction details need to be conveyed to him over SMS immediately and subsequently in writing too.
- 13.10 Micro irrigation system may be insured for the period of its expected life and the premium may be borne by beneficiary/state government based on the decisions to be taken by States.

14 Registration of manufacturing companies

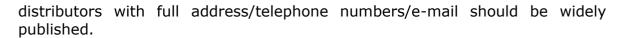
- 14.1 Registration of micro irrigation system manufacturers shall be done with the approval of SLSC for a period of five years. The registration will be open round the year and a company can apply at any time. Only those manufacturing companies, which have all the facilities to ensure supply of quality product as per BIS standards and can provide prompt after sales services will be registered. The registration will be subject to the satisfactory performance of the company as assessed by the state implementing agency and repeated failures will lead to the de-registration by SLSC.
- 14.2 The companies willing to participate in the scheme should be manufacturing below mentioned components and own BIS in their name:
- 14.3 In the case of drip irrigation, company must manufacture at least laterals and emitting devices as specified conforming to BIS standards. For online drip irrigation systems the company should be manufacturing lateral tubing as well as drippers as per BIS and for inline drip irrigation systems, the company should be a manufacturer of inline emitting pipe.
- 14.4 In the case of portable sprinkler irrigation system the company should manufacture coupled HDPE pipes or sprinklers and should possess respective BIS.
- 14.5 In the case of other sprinkler irrigation systems viz. Mini, Micro sprinkler

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- systems the company should manufacture either of HDPE/PVC/PE pipes/nozzles and should possess respective BIS.
- 14.6 In the case of large volume sprinkler irrigation system (rain gun sprinklers) the company should manufacture HDPE pipes or nozzle and should possess respective BIS.
- 14.7 The company must provide guarantee of quality assurance of other components which are not manufactured by them in various technologies covered under the scheme.
- 14.8 The company must provide free after sales service to the farmers for three years from the date of installation of system. Moreover, they should set up service centres for providing technological support at the grass root level.
- 14.9 The registration under the scheme should be open throughout the year to enable maximum flexibility and open participation.
- 14.10 The company will supply only BIS marked material. The list of relevant BIS components is given at **Annexure XIV**
- 14.11 In case the company intends to supply imported components, it should obtain prior approval of DA&FW subject to indigenize the manufacturing of component within a period of two years. In case of imported equipment, the techno- economic analysis report will be provided by NCPAH after proper examination and verification and submit report to DA&FW for consideration.
- 14.12 The material should be supplied directly by the manufacturer or their authorized distributors/dealers. In all cases, the manufacturer should authenticate the invoices. Such manufacturers shall furnish a Bank Guarantee of quantum of which will be prescribed by SLSC valid for the period of registration.
- 14.13 Each company may have its own pricing system. However, the company would be required to submit the same to the Registering Authority/SLSC at the beginning of the year and as and when the prices are revised by the company.

15 After sales services & campaigns

- 15.1 Operation and Maintenance of the system requires adequate training of beneficiaries for system operation etc. The manufacturers should have required network for providing training and after sales service in their areas of operation. The manufacturers should provide detailed operational and maintenance manual in the local vernacular language at the time of installation of the system. The beneficiaries should be advised to follow the instructions provided by the manufacturers for the operation and maintenance of drip/sprinkler irrigation systems.
- 15.2 Service centres and / or offices of drip / sprinkler system manufacturers / authorised distributors should have facilities to provide technical guidance on system maintenance schedules, supply spare parts and ensure satisfactory performance of the system during the warranty period. The manufacturer must also operate a toll free customer care number where beneficiaries can register their complaints. List of service centres/offices/offices of authorised



- 15.3 After sales service should be provided by the manufacturer/authorized distributor, free of cost for at least a period of three years. The company shall repair or replace any components/instruments of the MI system free of cost within warranty period, if they are found to have manufacturing defects or workmanship defects.
- 15.4 Due to normal wear and tear, if any parts/components require repairing/replacement, the company shall supply the same and recover the cost from the beneficiary after the free period is over. The company or its authorised representatives shall provide acid/chlorine treatment to drip system once during the first year of operation of the system.
- 15.5 If any system manufacturer fails to provide such service, the same should be brought to the notice of district level committee and SLSC. The manufacturer would be responsible for any dispute arising from the supply of their product/component directly or through their authorised distributors/dealers. The Implementing Agency/ SLSC of each State shall evolve a process and modus operandi to redress the disputes, if any. In cases where product quality related complaints from beneficiaries are received due sampling process mentioned in the guidelines shall be followed.
- 15.6 The SLSC may take measures against erring companies or their authorized dealers, as well as their own staff after due hearing in order to safeguard the interests of farmers/beneficiaries and to ensure effective utilization of public funds. However, before initiating any action, principle of natural justice should be followed.
- 15.7 There could be extension campaigns by the MI companies at a centralized location having area nodal officials, farmers & other related officials. Various aspects of system maintenance, acid treatment, fertigation etc. could be covered. The technical support group NCPAH would maintain a data appropriately to monitor these activities.
- 15.8 The State agencies ensure the campaigns by companies should cover all beneficiaries under warranty period & could be as under:

More than 5000 ha area coverage in the state 6 campaigns 1000-5000 ha area coverage in the state 4 campaigns Less than 1000 ha area coverage in the state 2 campaigns

15.9 The States should develop a grievance redresser system for farmers with a unique toll free number to assist the farmers for their queries and after sale service. If required, Micro Irrigation installing Company may also be asked to provide a Toll Free number.



- 16.1 The Central & State Governments, micro irrigation suppliers/manufacturers and other stake holders are putting in a lot of efforts for effective operations of micro irrigation systems. Any wrong operations could lead to system failure & financial loss to the beneficiary apart from loss of faith in the technology. It is, therefore, important to have well defined measures / terms for violation of norms by the stake-holders. Any violation to the quality, maintenance and other parameters need be viewed seriously. The list of violations mentioned below is not exhaustive and any other deviations, which affect the implementation of the scheme adversely may be considered by the DMIC/SLC as deemed fit for smooth functioning of the same.
- 16.2 A due process, where show cause is issued and adequate time is allowed for response, shall be followed and the MI companies as well as the beneficiary shall be adequately heard and natural justice provided.
- 16.3 In case of violations in respect of failure in quality control &quality assurance and to provide maintenance & after sales service, following penalties shall be imposed:
 - First time in a year, a warning letter may be issued to the manufacturer instructing to rectify the short coming immediately.
 - Second time in same year, a warning letter may be issued to the manufacturer instructing to rectify the shortcoming immediately with a penalty of 10% of invoice value.
 - Third time in same year, a penalty of 25% of invoice value may be charged.
 - Fourth time in same year, a show cause notice may be issued to the company and the case may be refer to SLSC for de-listing the company for a period of one year or more as decided by SLSC.
- 16.4 The violations with regard to submission of bills without installation/partial installation, wrong invoicing, variations in component specifications, submission of wrong documents with reference to pump/system discharge, improper installation, quoting higher price than approved, deviations from prescribed material specifications etc. may be dealt with by the SLSC suitably apart from initiating suitable action under the relevant sections of Indian penal code and other relevant/ appropriate statutory enactments.
- 16.5 In case of sale of the MI system to other farmers before expiry of average life of the system, for which subsidy has been claimed by the beneficiary, legal proceedings against the beneficiary as per applicable law may be initiated and the beneficiary may be blacklisted from availing any government assistance in future.

17 Quality Control

17.1 Crucial aspect of supply of micro irrigation systems is the quality of hardware which is delivered to the farmer. It needs to be ensured that quality components having BIS marking (wherever applicable) are installed in the beneficiary field. Poor quality has an adverse impact on performance of the system which may affect yield of the crop, quantity of water applied, quantity

- of fertilizer delivered to the plant etc. It may also increase energy consumption. In fact, sub-standard system will not only adversely impact performance, but could also reduce the durability and the life of the components and/or system.
- 17.2 The SLSC shall form joint inspection teams for field inspection and frequent surveillance by inspection teams will be a regular feature under the Scheme. They will draw random samples periodically from the field, within a period of three years from the date of installation of the system. At the time of inspection, the system should be fully functional. The report should be submitted to the competent authority under SLSC for further action.
- 17.3 While one surveillance visit per operative year shall be kept as the general norm, more or less inspections may be planned depending on the performance or specific guidelines issued by SLSC.
- 17.4 Samples for testing should be collected jointly by the joint inspection team, state nodal official and the company representatives in triplicate and properly labelled, sealed and signed. The samples are collected for all major system components, especially pipes & tubing. One set of samples should be sent to CIPET/BIS or any other approved product testing laboratory for testing as the SLSC may deem fit, another set is to be preserved in the custody of nodal officer and the third one is to be with the manufacturer. After collection of samples at random, they should be coded as per BIS guidelines forthe purpose of security and further reference.
- 17.5 Collection of samples with batch number is mandatory. The samples may be collected from the beneficiaries' fields as well as the supply chain of the manufacturer after the product has been dispatched from the manufacturing unit
- 17.6 The quantity of material required for conducting the test is as detailed below:

SI. No.	Test	Test samples required
Laterals	s as per IS: 12786 & Emitting Pipes as p	per IS : 13488
1	Identification & composition analysis	15 motors for laterals
2	Thickness	15 meters for laterals.
3	Pressure Test	50 meters for emitting
4	Dimensions	pipe.
HDPE P	ipes IS: 4984 & IS: 14151 (Pt.2)	
1	Identification & composition analysis	
2	Thickness	1 mtc
3	Pressure Test	1 mts
4	Dimensions	
UPVC P	ipes IS: 4985	
1	Identification & composition analysis	
2	Thickness	1
3	Pressure Test	1 mts
4	Dimensions	
Emitter	s / drippers as per IS : 13487	
1	Identification & composition analysis	FO Non
2	Flow Rate	50 Nos

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- 17.7 The expenditure towards the testing charges shall be met from the administrative charges under the scheme.
- 17.8 The state nodal officer will do proper scrutiny of the test report provided by the testing laboratory and draw conclusion from the findings regarding conformity or otherwise of the samples under the test. After scrutiny, the details of test report and results of conformity/non-conformity shall be placed before SLSC for consideration. In case of non-conformity, SLSC may take action against the company/its authorised dealers as per penalty clause mentioned in the scheme guidelines. The SLSC shall follow principle of natural justice and the company as well as the beneficiary shall be heard before taking a final action in the matter.

18 Human Resource Development and Media

18.1 Human resource development is an important component of the scheme. Under the programme training of farmers, entrepreneurs, field level workers, officers, micro irrigation technician and farm pond lining technician and trainers' training may be taken up.

The financial provisions for the same would be as under:

a) Training of stake h	olders	
i) Within the State	Rs. 1000/day per farmer including transport	100% of the cost.
ii) Outside the State	Project based as per actual	100% of the cost.
b) Exposure visit of s	take holders	
i) Outside the State	Project based as per actual	100% of the cost.
ii) Outside India	Rs. 4.00 lakh/ participants	Project Based 100% of air/rail travel. Course fee cost to be funded under Mission Management
c) Study tour of tech	nical staff/ field functionaries	S
i) Within the State	Rs. 300/day per participant plus TA/ DA as admissible	100% of the cost.
ii) Study tour to progressive States/units (group of minimum 5 participants)	Rs. 800/day per participant plus TA/ DA as admissible	100% of the cost
iii) Outside India	Rs. 4.00 lakh per participant	100% of air/rail travel and course fee cost to be funded under Mission Management

18.2 For organization of a workshop/conference or participation in an international event the financial provision is given below. However, prior approval of DA &FW will be required for participation in international events.

International level	Rs. 7.50 lakh per	100% of the cost per event
event	event.	of 4 days, on pro rata basis.
National level event	Rs. 5.00 lakh per event.	100% of the cost per event of two days.
State level event	Rs. 3.00 lakh per event	100% of the cost per event of two days.
District level event	Rs. 2.00 lakh per event	100% of the cost per event of two days.

- 18.3 Area wise/District wise Awareness/Publicity creation awareness creation and publicity of the micro irrigation technology will be undertaken through print and electronic media and other methods. The publicity campaigns at block/district/state level need be undertaken by the state nodal agencies.
- 18.4 The expenses for above Human Resource Development activities and awareness programmes etc. will be met from the administrative expenses earmarked under the scheme.

19 Pattern of Assistance & funding pattern

- 19.1 The total financial assistance available to the beneficiary under the micro irrigation scheme from both Central and State Governments would be 55% for small & marginal farmers & 45% for other farmers. The unit cost would be limited to the Indicative costs mentioned in the guidelines for various technologies and areas as given at Annexure Nos. IV to VIII.
- 19.2 Funding of financial assistance under the Per Drop More Crop component of PMKSY the subsidy amount payable to the beneficiary will be shared in the ratio of 60:40 between the Central & State Governments for all states except North Eastern & Himalayan states, where the sharing will be in the ratio of 90:10.In the case of Union Territories, the scheme will be funded 100% by the Central Government.

20. Progress reporting, monitoring and evaluation

20.1 Government of India has been emphasising on the use of modern tools for online reporting and sharing of information. Accordingly, a web-based portal and information management system has been developed and operationalised for different components of PMKSY. The objective of this web-portal is to have effective monitoring of the progress under different components of PMKSY and sharing of information and documents. Therefore, the states must use this website for reporting the physical & financial progress under different of **PMKSY** components including micro irrigation scheme information/documents like fund release orders, circular letters etc. and other useful information through the web-portal. The web-portal links are asunder:-

http://pmksy.gov.in>Components>PerDropMoreCrop-

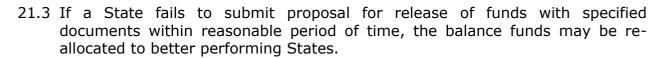
MI>ProgressMonitoringhttp://aps.DAC&FW.gov.in/MI/Login.aspx

20.2 A monthly review meeting of the scheme would be conducted under Chairmanship of Additional Secretary/ Joint Secretary of DA&FW with all the States. The physical & financial progress must be uploaded on web-portal on monthly basis by 5th of every month for the preceding month. It may be noted that annual data of the preceding year will be free-zed by 30th June and thereafter no changes could be made. It may also be ensured that "each micro irrigation installation will be given a unique digital/bar code or and the same will appear on the web portal of PMKSY". The physical/ financial progress report is to be submitted by 5th of next month as per the format at Annexure-IIIa and IIIb. Biometric registration of beneficiary & geo tagging should be made compulsory. A video of 30-60 sec may also be captured for ensuring better compliance and monitoring.

- 20.3 National Committee on Precision Agriculture and Horticulture (NCPAH) will be involved in monitoring and reviewing the progress of scheme at the National level. NCPAH secretariat will provide necessary logistic support to the Ministry for this purpose and maintain statistical data base/information on various aspects of the Micro Irrigation.
- 20.4 DA&FW will evolve suitable mechanism for concurrent evaluation of implementation of PMKSY (Per Drop More Crop). DA&FW may also engage suitable agency for conducting state specific/pan-India/ implementation monitoring and/or mid-term/end-term evaluation of the scheme. NRAA will be involved in the process of mid-term/end-term evaluation of the programme. An Impact Evaluation Study on Micro Irrigation at the National level will also be undertaken through an independent Agency with involvement of NCPAH once in every three years of implementation to assess the impact of the scheme in increasing water use efficiency, productivity, enhancement of farmers' income, technology adoption and other parameters. Twenty five percent (25%) of the projects sanctioned by the State shall have to be compulsorily taken up for third party monitoring and evaluation by the implementing states.
- 20.5 Action plan for monitoring and evaluation will be decided by SLSC at the beginning of every year based on project cost, importance of the project and other parameters, preferably covering all sectors. The State Government will be free to choose any reputed agencies for conducting the monitoring and evaluation work in their states. Requisite fees/cost towards monitoring & evaluation will be met by the state government from 5% allocation retained by them for administrative expenses. The performance of the states will be Outcome reflected in the Budget document of the respective Ministry/Department.

21. Release of Funds

- 21.1 Funds to the tune of 60% of annual allocation to the state under different components of PMKSY will be released as first instalment to the State upon receipt of proposal in the prescribed format along with specified documents including annual action plan approved by state level sanctioning committee (SLSC) along with minutes of SLSC meeting approving the annual action plan of the state. Suggestive formats for annual action plan are enclosed at **Annexure-II**. The concerned implementing ministry/department at the Centre will be responsible to ensure receipt of utilisation certificate and corresponding physical and financial progress report while releasing the funds for the specific component. The utilisation certificate is to be submitted by the respective implementing department/agency in the state.
- 21.2 Release of the second and final instalment would be considered on receipt of the following:
 - More than 90% Utilisation Certificates (UCs) for the funds released up to previous financialyear;
 - Utilisation Certificates (UCs) of at least 50% of funds released infirst instalment during current year;
 - Performance report in terms of physical and financial achievements as well as outcomes, within the stipulated time frame in specified format.



22. Administrative Expenses and Contingencies

- 22.1 Administrative expenses may be met on pro-rata basis from the programme not exceeding 5 percent at each level to strengthen coordination, scientific planning and technical support for effective implementation of different components of PMKSY including micro irrigation at the field level. Administrative expenditure for functioning of coordinating agency/Institutions responsible for implementing the components of PMKSY, engagement of contractual staff for monitoring and operating the MI System, payments to consultants, outsourcing of specific activities, recurring expenses of various kinds, procurement of android driven smart phones/tablets for uploading of App for geo tagging in Bhuvan Platform, staff costs etc. are admissible. However, no permanent employment can be created, nor vehicles can be purchased. States may supplement any administrative expenditure in excess of the 5% limit, from their own resources.
- 22.2 Govt. of India may retain 1.5% of the PMKSY provision for IEC activities and another 1.5% of the scheme allocation for administrative, monitoring, evaluation and any contingencies that may arise during the implementation of the scheme by each participating departments. DA&FW may set up a technical support group by assigning dedicated officers and staff from its existing strength and engaging consultants, experts etc. DA&FW may outsource some technical assignments to specific agencies including studies, training programmes relating to PMKSY activities and conduct activities such as workshops, conferences, awareness campaign, publicity, documentation etc.



Annexure-I

Recommended norms for use of treated sewage quality for specified activities at point of use

						Landscapi	ng, Horti	culture & Agr	riculture		
				Vehicle				Crops			
S.N	Parameter	Toilet flushing	Fire Protection	Exterior	Non-contact	Horticulture, Golf course	Non	Crops whic	h are eaten		
		nusning	Protection	washing	impoundments	Goil Course	edible Crops	Raw	Cooked		
1	Turbidity (NTU)	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	AA	<2	AA		
2	SS	nil	Nil	Nil	nil	nil	30	nil	30		
3	TDS				2100						
4	рН				6.5 to 8.	.3					
5	Temperature °C				Ambien	t					
6	Oil & Grease	10	nil	Nil	nil	10	10	nil	nil		
7	Minimum Residual Chlorine	1	1	1	0.5	0	Nil	nil	nil		
8	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen as N	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		
9	BOD	10	10	10	10	10	20	10	20		
10	COD	AA	AA	AA	AA	AA	30	AA	30		
11	Dissolved Phosphorous as P	1	1	1	1	2	5	2	5		
12	Nitrate Nitrogen as N	10	10	10	5	10	10	10	10		
13	Faecal Coliform in 100 ml	nil	Nil	Nil	nil	nil	230	nil	230		
14	Helminthic Eggs/ litre	AA	AA	AA	AA	AA	<1	<1	<1		
15	Colour	Colourless	Colourless	Colourless	Colourless	Colourless	AA	Colourless	Colourless		
16	Odour	Aseptic which means mot septic and no foul odour									

All units in mg/l unless specified; AA-as arising when other parameters are satisfied;

A tolerance of plus 5% is allowable when yearly average values are considered.



Annexure-II

Format for Micro-irrigation Action Plan in synchronisation with the Clusters identified for Other Interventions

					Drip in	rigatio	1			Sp	rinkle	r irriga	tion			Total			
Sr.No.	Sr.No. District No Clus			Field Crops	i	Но	rticultural Cr	ops	Field Crops			Horticultural Crops				Total		Other Costs (administrative/ Contingency)	Grand total
			Area	Farmers to be benefitted	Cost	Area	Farmers to be benefitted	Cost	Area	Farmers to be benefitted	Cost	Area	Farmers to be benefitted	Cost	Area	Farmers to be benefitted	Cost	containing on early	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16=4+7+10+13	17=5+8+11+14	18=6+9+12+15	19	20=18+19
Total A	ΑP						Note: Majo	or Crop	wise (details of bo	th field	l & hor	ticultural cro	ps ma	y be mentioned				
Central	Allocation																		
State Si	nare																		
Deficit/	Convergen	ce/ farmers	Share	•															

Annexure-III a

Format for Physical Progress Monitoring Report for Per Drop More Crop (Micro Irrigation) component of PMKSY

	Name	of the State	e:						Pei	riod of the report:				
	Area i	n hectare:												
Name	Physi	cal Target			Total	Physi	cal Achieve	ment						
of	Horti	culture	Agriculture		Physical	Horti	culture	Agric	ulture	Total Physical Achievement	% Achievement			
District	Drip Sprinkler		Drip	Sprinkler	Target	Drip	Sprinkler	Drip	Sprinkler	Acmevement	Acmevement			
						1								

Annexure-III b

Format for Financial Progress Monitoring Report for Per Drop More Crop (Micro Irrigation) component of PMKSY

	Nam	e ofthe S	tate:									Perio	d of there	port:			
	Rs. i	n Lakh															
Name of	Finai	ncial Targe	t						Finar	ncial Achie	vemen	t			_		
District	Hort	iculture	Agriculture		Trainin	Seminar	Schem e	Total Financi	Horticulture		Agric	culture	Trainin	Seminar	Schem	Total Financial	% Achieveme
	Dri p	Sprinkl er	Dri p	Sprinkl er	g	Exhibiti on	Admin . Cost	al Target	Dri p	Sprinkl er	Dri p	Sprinkl er	g	Exhibiti on	Admin . Cost	Achieveme nt	nt



Annexure- IV a

Drip Irrigation Technology - Indicative Bill of Quantities for 0.2 ha at farmer's field

SN	Component/ Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm)	Unit	12x12	10x10	9x9	8x8	6x6	5x5	4x4	3x3	2.5x2.5	2x2	1.5x1.5	2.5x0.6	1.8x0.6	1.5x0.6	1.2x0.6
	Control Unit																
1	Screen filter 10 m3/hr / Disc filter	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	Ventury & manifold (1 1/2")	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	Air release Valve 1"	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	Non Return Valve - 1.5"	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	By-pass Assembly - 1.5"x1.5"	No.	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Field Unit				I				l								
6	PVC Pipe 50 mm, class-III; 6 kg/cm2	m	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	48	48	48	48	48
7	Lateral 12 mm, Class II ; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	1010	1347	20	27	32	40
8	Emitting Pipe 12 mm; Class II: (0.6 m x 1 to 4lph)	m	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	808	1122	1347	1683
9	Emitter/ Dripper 4/ 8 lph	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1020	907	0	0	0	0
10	Control Valve 50 mm	No.	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
11	Flush Valve 50 mm	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
12	Throttle Valve - 1.5"	No.	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
13	Fittings & Accessories @5%	set	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%



Annexure- IV b

Drip Irrigation Technology - Indicative Bill of Quantities for 0.4 ha at farmer's field

SN	Component/ Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm)	Unit	12 X 12	10 X 10	9 x 9	8 X 8	6 X 6	5 X 5	4 X 4	3 X3	2.5 X 2.5	2 X 2	1.5 X 1.5	2.5 X 0.6	1.8 X 0.6	1.5 X 0.6	1.2 X 0.6
	Control Unit																
1	Screen filter 10 m3/hr / Disc filter	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	Ventury & manifold (1 1/2")	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	Air release Valve 1"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	Non Return Valve - 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	By-pass Assembly - 1.5"x1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Field Unit																
6	PVC Pipe 63 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	30	30	0	0	0	0
7	PVC Pipe 50 mm, class-III; 6 kg/cm2	m	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	66	66	66	96	96	96	96
8	Lateral 16 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1616	2020	2693	38	53	64	79
9	Emitting Pipe 12 mm; Class II: (0.6 m x 1 to 4 lph)	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1616	2245	2693	3367
10	Lateral 12 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	339	406	452	508	677	813	1016	1355	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	Emitter/ Dripper 4/ 8 lph	No.	113	163	201	255	453	653	510	907	1293	2010	1796	0	0	0	0
12	Control Valve 63 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
13	Control Valve 50 mm	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
14	Flush Valve 63 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
15	Flush Valve 50 mm	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
16	Throttle Valve - 2"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
17	Throttle Valve - 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
18	Fittings & Accessories @5%	set	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%



Drip Irrigation Technology - Indicative Bill of Quantities for 1.0 ha at farmer's field

Annexure- IV c

SN	Component/ Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm)	Unit	12 X 12	10 X 10	9 x 9	8 X 8	6 X 6	5 X5	4 X 4	3 X 3	2.5 X 2.5	2 X 2	1.5 X 1.5	2.5 X 0.6	1.8 X 0.6	1.5 X 0.6	1.2 X 0.6
	Control Unit		•			,	•			•	•		•	<u>'</u>			
1	Screen filter 20 / 25 m ³ / hr / Disc filter	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	Ventury & manifold (2")	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	Air release Valve 1"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	Non Return Valve - 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	By-pass Assembly - 1.5"x1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Field Unit	•							•		•	•	•			•	
6	PVC Pipe 75 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54
7	PVC Pipe 63 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	54	156	156	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102
8	PVC Pipe 50 mm, class-III; 6 kg/cm2	m	156	156	156	156	102	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Lateral 16 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	833	1000	1111	1250	1667	2000	2500	3333	4000	5000	6667	60	83	100	125
10	Emitting Pipe 16 mm; Class II: (0.6 m x 1 to 4 lph)	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4040	5611	6733	8417
11	Emitter/ Dripper 4/ 8 lph	No.	278	400	494	625	1111	1600	1275	2267	3232	5050	4489	0	0	0	0
12	Control Valve 75 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
13	Control Valve 63 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
14	Control Valve 50 mm	No.	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
15	Flush Valve 63 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
16	Flush Valve 50 mm	No.	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Throttle Valve - 2"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
18	Fittings & Accessories @5%	set	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%



Drip Irrigation Technology - Indicative Bill of Quantities for 2.0 ha at farmer's field

Annexure- IV d

SN	Component/ Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm)	Unit	12 X 12	10 X 10	9 x 9	8 X 8	6 X 6	5 X 5	4 X 4	3 X3	2.5 X 2.5	2 X 2	1.5 X 1.5	2.5 X 0.6	1.8 X 0.6	1.5 X 0.6	1.2 X 0.6
	Control Unit												•				
1	Screen filter 20 / 25 m ³ / hr / Disc filter	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	Ventury& manifold (2")	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	Air release Valve 1"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	Non Return Valve - 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	By-pass Assembly - 1.5"x1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Field Unit																
6	PVC Pipe 75 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
7	PVC Pipe 63 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
8	Lateral 16 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	1850	2130	2350	2600	3500	4200	5200	6900	8250	11000	14000	120	150	170	200
9	Emitting Pipe 16 mm; Class II: (0.6 m x 1 to 4 lph)	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8200	11500	13600	17000
10	Emitter/ Dripper 4/ 8 lph	No.	600	800	1000	1300	2300	3300	2600	4800	6600	10400	9000	0	0	0	0
11	Control Valve 75 mm	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
12	Control Valve 63 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
13	Flush Valve 63 mm	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
14	Throttle Valve - 2"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
15	Fittings & Accessories @5%	set	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%



Annexure- IV e

Drip Irrigation Technology - Indicative Bill of Quantities for 3.0 ha at farmer's field

SN	Component/ Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm)	Unit	12 X 12	10 X 10	9 x 9	8 X 8	6 X 6	5 X 5	4 X 4	3 X3	2.5 X 2.5	2 X 2	1.5 X 1.5	2.5 X 0.6	1.8 X 0.6	1.5 X 0.6	1.2 X 0.6
	Control Unit			•									•				
1	Screen filter 30 m ³ / hr / Disc filter	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
2	Screen filter 20 / 25 m ³ / hr / Disc filter	No	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
3	Ventury & manifold (2")	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	Air release Valve 1"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	Non Return Valve - 2"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	Non Return Valve – 1.5"	No	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	By-pass Assembly - 2"x1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Field Unit																
8	PVC Pipe 90 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
9	PVC Pipe 75 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	E	0	0	0	0	216	216	216	216	132	132	132	132	132	132	132
10	PVC Pipe 63 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	E	216	216	216	216	336	336	336	336	174	174	174	174	174	174	174
11	PVC Pipe 50 mm, class-III; 6 kg/cm2	m	336	336	336	336	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Lateral 16 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	2500	3000	3333	3750	5000	6000	7500	10000	12120	15150	20200	156	217	260	325
13	Emitting Pipe 16 mm; Class II: (0.6 m x 1 to 4 lph)	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12120	16833	20200	25250
14	Emitter/ Dripper 4/ 8 lph	No.	833	1200	1481	1875	3333	2400	3750	6667	9696	15150	13467	0	0	0	0
15	Control Valve 90 mm	No	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
16	Control Valve 75 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
17	Control Valve 63 mm	No.	1	1	1	1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
18	Control Valve 50 mm	No	4	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Flush Valve 75 mm	No	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
20	Flush Valve 63 mm	No.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
21	Throttle Valve - 2"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
22	Throttle Valve – 1.5"	No	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Fittings & Accessories @ 5%	set	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%



Anneyure- IV f

Drip Irrigation Technology - Indicative Bill of Quantities for 4.0 ha at farmer's field

Component/ Lateral to Lateral x Unit 12 X 12 10 X 10 9 x 9 8 X 8 6 X 6 5 X 5 3 X 3 2.5 X 2.5 4 X 4 2 X 2 1.5 X 1.5 | 2.5 X 0.6 | 1.8 X 0.6 | 1.5 X 0.6 | 1.2 X 0.6 Dripper spacing (mxm) Control Unit Screen filter 30 m³/ hr / Disc filter n Nο Screen filter 20/25 m³/hr / Disc filter No Ventury& manifold (2") No. Air release Valve 1.5" Nο Non Return Valve - 2" n No. Non Return Valve - 1.5" Nο Λ Λ Λ Λ Λ By-pass Assembly - 2"x1.5" No. By-pass Assembly - 1.5"x1.5" No. Field Unit PVC Pipe 90 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2 m PVC Pipe 75 mm, class-II: 4 kg/cm2 m PVC Pipe 63 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2 Lateral 16 mm. Class II: 2.5 kg/cm2 m Emitting Pipe 16 mm: Class II: (0.6 m m x 1 to 4 lph) Emitter/ Dripper 4/8 lph No. Control Valve 90 mm Nο Control Valve 75 mm No. Control Valve 63 mm No. Flush Valve 75 mm No Flush Valve 63 mm No. Throttle Valve - 2" No. Throttle Valve - 1.5" No Fittings & Accessories @ 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% set



Annexure- IV g

Drip Irrigation Technology- Indicative Bill of Quantities 5.0 ha at farmer's field

SN	Component/ Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm)	Unit	12 X 12	10 X 10	9 x 9	8 X 8	6 X 6	5 X 5	4 X 4	3 X3	2.5 X 2.5	2 X 2	1.5 X 1.5	2.5 X 0.6	1.8 X 0.6	1.5 X 0.6	1.2 X 0.6
	Control Unit														•	•	
1	Screen filter 30 m ³ / hr / Disc filter	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
2	Screen filter 20/ 25 m ³ /hr / Disc filter	No	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
3	Ventury& manifold (2 1/2")	No	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	Ventury& manifold (2")	No.	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Air release Valve 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	Non Return Valve – 2.5"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7	Non Return Valve – 2"	No	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	By-pass Assembly – 2.5"x2"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	By-pass Assembly - 2"x1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Field Unit																
10	PVC Pipe 90 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	168	168	168	168	168	168	168
11	PVC Pipe 75 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	168	168	168	168	168	168	168	168	342	342	342	342	342	342	342
12	PVC Pipe 63 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	456	456	456	456	456	456	456
13	Lateral 16 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	4250	5100	5667	6375	8500	10200	12750	17000	20200	25250	33667	268	373	447	559
14	Emitting Pipe 16 mm; Class II: (0.6 m x 1 to 4 lph)	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20200	28056	33667	42083
15	Emitter/ Dripper 4/ 8 lph	No.	1417	2040	2519	3188	5667	8160	6500	11556	16160	25250	22444	0	0	0	0
16	Control Valve 90 mm	No	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
17	Control Valve 75 mm	No.	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
18	Control Valve 63 mm	No.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
19	Flush Valve 75 mm	No	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
20	Flush Valve 63 mm	No.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
21	Throttle Valve – 2.5"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
22	Throttle Valve – 2"	No	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Fittings & Accessories @ 5%	set	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%



Annexure- IV h

NEH States-Drip Irrigation Technology - Indicative Bill of Quantities for 0.2 ha at farmer's field

SN	Component/ Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm)	Unit	12x12	10x10	9x9	8x8	6x6	5x5	4x4	3x3	2.5x2.5	2x2	1.5x1.5	2.5x0.6	1.8x0.6	1.5x0.6	1.2x0.6
	Control Unit																
1	Screen filter 10 m3/hr / Disc filter	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	Ventury & manifold (1 1/2")	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	Air release Valve 1"	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	Non Return Valve - 1.5"	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	By-pass Assembly - 1.5"x1.5"	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	Field Unit			•	•		•	•	•								
7	HDPE Pipe 50 mm; 4 kg/cm2	m	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	54	54	54	54	54
8	Lateral 12 mm, Class II ; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1010	1347	20	27	32	40
9	Emitting Pipe 12 mm; Class II:(0.2-0.3 m x 1 to 2-4 lph)	m	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	808	1122	1347	1683
10	Pressure regulating Emitter/ Dripper 2/ 4/ 8 lph	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1020	907	0	0	0	0
11	Control Valve 50 mm	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
12	Control Valve 63 mm	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	0	0	0	0
13	Flush Valve 50 mm	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
14	Throttle Valve - 1.5"	No.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
15	Fittings & Accessories @5%	set	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%

Annexure- IV i

NEH States- Drip Irrigation Technology- Indicative Bill of Quantities for 0.4 ha at farmer's field

SN	Component/ Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm)	Unit	12 X 12	10 X10	9x9	8X8	6 X 6	5 X5	4 X 4	3 X3	2.5 X 2.5	2 X 2	1.5 X 1.5	2.5 X 0.6	1.8 X 0.6	1.5 X 0.6	1.2 X 0.6
	Control Unit																
1	HDPE Pipe 50 mm; 4 kg/cm2	m	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
2	HDPE Pipe 63 mm; 4 kg/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	30	30	0	0	0	0
3	Lateral 12 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	339	406	452	508	677	813	1016	1355	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Lateral 16 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1616	2020	2693	38	53	64	79
5	Emitting Pipe 16 mm; Class II: (0.2-0.3 m x 1 to 2-4 lph)	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1616	2245	2693	3367
6	Pressure regulating Emitter/ Dripper 2/ 4/ 8 lph	No.	113	163	201	255	453	490	765	1360	1306	2010	3627	0	0	0	0
7	Control Valve 50 mm	No.	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	4	4	4	4
8	Control Valve 63 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
9	Flush Valve 50 mm	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	4	4	4
10	Air release Valve 1"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
11	Non Return Valve - 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
12	Throttle Valve - 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
13	Screen filter 10 m3/ hr / Disc filter	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
14	By-pass Assembly - 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
15	Ventury & manifold - 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
16	Fittings & Accessories	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%

Annexure- IV j

NEH States - Drip Irrigation Technology- Indicative Bill of Quantities for 1.0 ha at farmer's field

SN	Component/ Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm)	Unit	12 X 12	10 X10	9x9	8X8	6 X 6	5 X5	4 X 4	3 X3	2.5 X 2.5	2 X 2	1.5X 1.5	2.5X0.6	1.8X0.6	1.5 X 0.6	1.2X0.6
	Control Unit																
1	HDPE Pipe 40 mm; 6 kg/cm2	m	172	172	172	172	112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	HDPE Pipe 50 mm; 4 kg/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	60	172	172	172	172	172	172	0	0	0	0
3	HDPE Pipe 63 mm; 4 kg/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	60	60	60	118	118	118	118
4	HDPE Pipe 75 mm; 4 kg/cm2	M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	62	62	62	62
5	Lateral 12 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	980	1150	1300	1400	1800	2000	2500	3333	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Lateral 16 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4040	5050	6733	60	83	100	125
7	Emitting Pipe 16 mm; Class II: (0.2-0.3 m x 1 to 2-4 lph)	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4040	5611	6733	8717
8	Pressure regulating Emitter/ Dripper 2/4/8 lph	No.	350	440	540	650	1150	1224	1913	3400	3232	5050	9067	0	0	0	0
9	Control Valve 40 mm	No.	10	10	10	10	0	0	0	0	7	7	7	0	0	0	0
10	Control Valve 50 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	10	10	10	0	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
11	Control Valve 63 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
12	Control Valve 75 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
13	Flush Valve 50 mm	No.	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	4	4	4	4
14	Flush Valve 63 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
15	Air release Valve 1"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
16	Non Return Valve - 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
17	Throttle Valve - 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
18	Screen filter 10 m3/ hr / Disc filter	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
19	By-pass Assembly - 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
20	Ventury & manifold - 2"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
21	Fittings & Accessories	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%



Annexure- IV k

NEH States-Drip Irrigation Technology - Indicative Bill of Quantities for 2.0 ha at farmer's field

SN	Component Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm)	Unit	12x12	10x10	9x9	8x8	6x6	5x5	4x4	3x3	2.5x2.5	2x2	1.5x1.5	2.5x0.6	1.8x0.6	1.5 X 0.6	1.2x0.6
1	HDPE Pipe 50 mm; 4 kg/cm2	m	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	120	120	120	120
2	HDPE Pipe 63mm; 4g/cm2	m	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	80	80	80	80
3	HDPE Pipe 75mm; 4g/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	90	90	90
4	Lateral 12 mm, Class II ; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	1850	2130	2350	2600	3500	4200	5200	6900	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Lateral 16 mm Class II, 2.5 kg/cm ²	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8400	11400	14600	120	150	170	200
6	Emitting Pipe 16 mm; Class II: (0.2-0.3 m x 1 to 2-4 lph)	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8200	11500	13600	17000
7	Pressure regulating Emitter/ Dripper 2/4/8 lph	No.	600	800	1000	1300	2300	2448	3825	6800	6600	10400	18133	0	0	0	0
8	Control Valve 50 mm	No.	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	8	8	8	8
9	Control Valve 63 mm	No.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
10	Control Valve 75 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
11	Flush Valve 50 mm	No.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	8	8
12	Flush Valve 63 mm	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	4	4	4
13	Air Release Valve 1"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
14	Non Return Valve 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
15	Throttle Valve 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
16	Throttle Valve 2"	No.	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Screen Filter 10 m ³ /hr / Disc filter	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
18	Screen Filter 30 m ³ /hr / Disc filter	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
19	By-pass Assembly-1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
20	Venturi & Manifold 2"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
21	Fittings & Accessories	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%

Annexure- IV I



NEH States- Drip Irrigation Technology- Indicative Bill of Quantities 3.0 ha at farmer's field

Component Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm) Unit 12x12 10x10 9x9 8x8 6x6 5x5 4x4 3x3 2.5x2.5 2x2 1.5x1.5 2.5x0.6 1.8x0.6 1.5 X 0.6 1.2x0.6 1 HDPE Pipe 90mm: 4 kg/cm2 O O m 2 HDPE Pipe 75mm: 4 kg/cm2 m 3 HDPE Pipe 63mm: 4 kg/cm2 m 4 HDPE Pipe 50 mm: 4 kg/cm2 O m 5 Lateral 16 mm Class II. 2.5 kg/cm2 O O m Lateral 12 mm, Class II ; 2.5 kg/cm2 Emitting Pipe 16 mm; Class II; (0.2-0.3 m O m n x 1 to 2-4 lph) Pressure regulating Emitter/ Dripper No. Λ Λ 2/4/8 lph 9 Control Valve 90 mm No n n Control Valve 75 mm Nο No. 11 Control Valve 63 mm 12 Control Valve 50 mm No. 13 Flush Valve 75mm No. 14 Flush Valve 63mm No. 15 Flush Valve 50mm No. 16 Air Release Valve 1" No. 17 Non Return Valve 1.5" No. 18 Non Return Valve 2" No. 19 Throttle Valve 1.5" No. Throttle Valve 2" O Nο O 21 Screen Filter 30 m³/hr / Disc filter No. 22 Screen Filter 20/25 m³/hr / Disc filter No. 23 Screen Filter 10 m³/hr / Disc filter No. 24 By-pass Assembly-2" No. 25 Venturi & Manifold 2 " No. 26 Fittings & Accessories 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5%



Annexure- IV m

NEH States- Drip Irrigation Technology- Indicative Bill of Quantities 4.0 ha at farmer's field

SN.	Component Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm)	Unit	12x12	10x10	9x9	8x8	6x6	5x5	4x4	3x3	2.5x2.5	2x2	1.5x1.5	2.5x0.6	1.8x0.6	1.5 X 0.6	1.2x0.6
1	HDPE Pipe 90mm; 4 kg/cm ²	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	160	160	160	150	150	150	150
2	HDPE Pipe 75mm; 4 kg/cm ²	m	245	245	245	245	245	245	245	245	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
3	HDPE Pipe 63mm; 4 kg/cm ²	m	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275
4	HDPE Pipe 50 mm; 4 kg/cm2	m	167	167	167	167	167	167	167	167	167	167	167	167	167	167	167
5	Lateral 16 mm Class II, 2.5 kg/cm ²	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16160	20200	26933	180	250	300	375
6	Emitting Pipe 16 mm; Class II: (0.2-0.3 m x 1 to 2-4 lph)	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16000	22000	26670	33100
7	Lateral 12 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	3400	4080	4533	5100	6800	8160	10200	13600	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Pressure regulating Emitter/ Dripper 2/ 4/ 8 lph	No.	1133	1632	2015	2550	4533	4896	7700	13600	12800	20000	35911	0	0	0	0
9	Control Valve 90 mm	No.	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
10	Control Valve 75 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
11	Control Valve 63mm	No.	5	5	5	5	3	3	3	3	8	8	8	5	5	5	5
12	Control Valve 50mm	No.	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
13	Flush Valve 75mm	No.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
14	Flush Valve 63mm	No.	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
15	Flush Valve 50mm	No.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
16	Air Release Valve 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
17	Non Return Valve 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Non Return Valve 2"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
19	Non Return Valve 2.5"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
20	Throttle Valve 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Throttle Valve 2"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
22	Throttle Valve 2.5"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
23	Screen Filter 30 m ³ /hr / Disc filter	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
24	Screen Filter 20/25 m ³ /hr / Disc filter	No.	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
25	Screen Filter 10 m ³ /hr / Disc filter	No.	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	By-pass Assembly-2"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
27	By-pass Assembly-1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
28	Venturi & Manifold 2 "	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
29	Fittings & Accessories	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%



Annexure- IV n

NEH States- Drip Irrigation Technology- Indicative Bill of Quantities 5.0 ha at farmer's field

SN	Component Lateral to Lateral x Dripper spacing (mxm)	Unit	12x12	10x10	9x9	8x8	6x6	5x5	4x4	3x3	2.5x2.5	2x2	1.5x1.5	2.5x0.6	1.8x0.6	1.5 X 0.6	1.2x0.6
1	HDPE Pipe 90mm; 4 kg/cm2	m	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	180	180	180	180	180	180	180
2	HDPE Pipe 75mm; 4 kg/cm2	m	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	372	372	372	375	375	375	375
3	HDPE Pipe 63mm; 4 kg/cm2	m	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	310	310	310	310
4	HDPE Pipe 50 mm; 4 kg/cm2	m	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	200	200	200	200
5	Lateral 16 mm Class II, 2.5 kg/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20200	25250	33667	268	373	447	559
6	Emitting Pipe 16 mm; Class II: (0.2-0.3 m x 1 to 2-4 lph)	m	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20200	28056	33667	42083
7	Lateral 12 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	4250	5100	5667	6375	8500	10200	12750	17000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Pressure regulating Emitter/ Dripper 2/ 4/ 8 lph	No.	1417	2040	2519	3188	5667	6120	9563	17000	16610	25250	44889	0	0	0	0
9	Control Valve 90 mm	No.	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2
10	Control Valve 75 mm	No.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	2
11	Control Valve 63 mm	No.	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
12	Control Valve 50 mm	No.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
13	Flush Valve 75 mm	No.	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
14	Flush Valve 63 mm	No.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
15	Flush Valve 50 mm	No.	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
16	Air Release Valve 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
17	Non Return Valve 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Non Return Valve 2.5"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
19	Throttle Valve 1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Throttle Valve 2"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Throttle Valve 2.5"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
22	Screen Filter 30m3/hr / Disc filter	No.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
23	Screen Filter 20/25 m3/hr / Disc filter	No.	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
24	Screen Filter 10 m3/hr / Disc filter	No.	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	By-pass Assembly-2.5"	No.	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
26	By-pass Assembly-2"	No.	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	Venturi & Manifold 2 "	No.	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	Fittings & Accessories	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%



Annexure-V

Indicative Bill of Quantities (BoQ) for Portable Sprinkler Irrigation System

Usin	g 63 mm coupler							
SN	Components/ Area (Ha)	Unit	0.4	1	2	3	4	5
1	HDPE Pipes with Quick coupled (Pipe of Class II; 3.2 kg/cm2 IS:14151 Part II 63 mm diameter & 6m long)	No	18	30	41	NA	NA	NA
2	Quick coupled HDPE 63mm Foot batten Assembly;	No	3	5	9	NA	NA	NA
3	GI Riser Pipe 3/4" diameter x 75 cm long	No	3	5	9	NA	NA	NA
4	Sprinkler Assembly	No	3	5	9	NA	NA	NA
5	Quick coupled HDPE Bend with Coupler 900 (63/50 mm);	No	1	1	1	NA	NA	NA
6	Quick coupled HDPE Pump Connecting Nipple 63 mm;	No	1	1	1	NA	NA	NA
7	Quick coupled HDPE End Plug (63 mm);	No	1	2	2	NA	NA	NA
8	Quick coupled HDPE Tee with Coupler (63mm);	No	1	1	1	NA	NA	NA
Usin	g 75 mm coupler							
SN	Components/ Area (Ha)	Unit	0.4	1	2	3	4	5
1	HDPE Pipes with Quick coupled (Pipe of Class I; 2.5 kg/cm2 IS:14151 Part II, 75 mm diameter & 6m long)	No	NA	30	41	NA	NA	NA
2	Quick coupled HDPE 75mm Foot batten Assembly;	No	NA	5	9	NA	NA	NA
3	GI Riser Pipe 3/4" diameter x 75 cm long	No	NA	5	9	NA	NA	NA
4	Sprinkler Nozzles (1.7 to 2.8 kg/cm2) ;IS 12232 Part I Brass	No	NA	5	9	NA	NA	NA
5	Quick coupled HDPE Bend with Coupler 90 ⁰ (75 mm);	No	NA	1	1	NA	NA	NA
6	Quick coupled HDPE Pump Connecting Nipple, 75 mm;	No	NA	1	1	NA	NA	NA
7	Quick coupled HDPE End Plug (75 mm);	No	NA	2	2	NA	NA	NA
8	Quick coupled HDPE Tee with Coupler (75 mm);	No	NA	1	1	NA	NA	NA
	g 90 mm coupler							
SN	Components/ Area (Ha)	Unit	0.4	1	2	3	4	5
1	HDPE Pipes with Quick coupled (Pipe of Class I; 2.5 kg/cm2; IS:14151 Part II, 90 mm diameter & 6m long)	No	NA	NA	NA	41	52	58
2	Quick coupled HDPE 90mm Foot batten Assembly;	No	NA	NA	NA	11	14	16
3	GI Riser Pipe 3/4" diameter x 75 cm long	No	NA	NA	NA	11	14	16
4	Sprinkler Nozzles (1.7 to 2.8 kg/cm2) ;IS 12232 Part I Brass	No	NA	NA	NA	11	14	16
5	Quick coupled HDPE Bend with Coupler 90 ⁰ (90 mm);	No	NA	NA	NA	2	2	4
6	Quick coupled HDPE Pump Connecting Nipple, 90 mm;	No	NA	NA	NA	1	1	1
7	Quick coupled HDPE End Plug (90 mm);	No	NA	NA	NA	2	2	2
8	Quick coupled HDPE Tee with Coupler (90 mm);	No	NA	NA	NA	1	1	2



Annexure-VI

Indicative Bill of Quantities (BoQ) for Micro Sprinkler Irrigation System

SN	Components/ Area (Ha)				5mx5	im					3n	1 x 3m		
		Unit	0.4	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	0.4	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0
1	PVC Pipe 90 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	0	0	0	0	0	160	0	0	0	0	0	150
2	PVC Pipe 75 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	30	54	80	100	252	600	30	54	100	140	220	520
3	PVC Pipe 63 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	66	102	150	180	402	0	66	102	150	180	380	0
4	20 mm LLDPE plain laterals, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	0	2000	4000	6000	8000	10000	0	3350	6660	10000	13330	16600
5	Lateral 16 mm, Class II; 2.5 kg/cm2	m	800	0	0	0	0	0	1336	0	0	0	0	0
6	Micro sprinkler Set	No.	160	400	800	1200	1600	2000	444	1111	2222	3333	4444	5556
7	Control Valve 90 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
8	Control Valve 75 mm	No.	1	1	1	1	4	4	1	1	1	1	4	4
9	Control Valve 63 mm	No.	1	1	4	4	0	0	1	1	4	4	0	0
10	Flush Valve 75 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	4	6	0	0	0	0	4	4
11	Flush Valve 63 mm	No.	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0
12	Flush Valve 50 mm	No.	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Air release Valve - 1"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
14	Non Return Valve - 2"	No.	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
15	Non Return Valve - 2.5"	No.	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Throttle Valve - 2"	No.	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
17	Throttle Valve - 2 .5"	No.	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Screen filter 30 m3/ hr	No.	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
19	Screen filter 20/25 m3/hr	No.	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
20	By-pass Assembly - 2 .5"x2"	No.	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	By-pass Assembly - 2"x1,5"	No.	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
22	Venturi & manifold - 2"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
23	Fittings & Accessories @ 5%		5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%



Annexure-VII

Indicative Bill of Quantities (BoQ) for Mini Sprinkler Irrigation System

SN	Components/ Area (Ha)	Unit			10)x10						8x8		
			0.4	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	0.4	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0
1	PVC Pipe 90 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	0	0	80	210	235	310	0	0	80	210	235	310
2	PVC Pipe 75 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	30	60	150	320	420	480	30	60	150	320	420	480
3	PVC Pipe 63 mm, class-II; 4 kg/cm2	m	66	110	0	0	0	0	66	110	0	0	0	0
4	32 mm LLDPE plain laterals, 2.5 kg/cm2-Class II	m	400	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	500	1250	2500	3750	5000	6250
5	Mini Sprinkler Head/ Nozzle	No.	40	100	220	300	400	500	63	156	312	470	625	780
6	M S Riser Rod & assembly	No.	40	100	220	300	400	500	63	156	313	470	625	781
7	Control Valve 90 mm	No.	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	2
8	Control Valve 75 mm	No.	0	1	1	1	4	4	0	1	2	4	4	4
9	Control Valve 63 mm	No.	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0
10	Control Valve 32 mm	No.	0	20	34	52	68	84	0	24	36	54	72	90
11	Flush Valve 75 mm	No.	0	0	1	4	4	4	0	1	2	4	4	4
12	Flush Valve 63 mm	No.	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
13	Air release Valve - 1"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
14	Non Return Valve - 2.5"	No.	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
15	Non Return Valve - 2"	No.	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
16	Throttle Valve 3"	No.	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
17	Throttle Valve - 2 .5"	No.	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
18	Throttle Valve - 2"	No.	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
19	Screen filter 30 m3/ hr	No.	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
20	Screen filter 20/25 m3/hr	No.	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
21	By-pass Assembly - 2"x1,5"	No.	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
22	By-pass Assembly - 1.5"x1.5"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
23	Venturi & manifold - 2"	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
24	Fittings & Accessories @ 5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%

Annexure-VIII

Indicative Bill of Quantities (BoQ) for Rain-gun Sprinkler Irrigation System

Using 63 mm coupler						
SN	Components/ Area (ha)	1	2	3	4	5
1	HDPE Pipes with Quick coupled (Pipe of Class 3; 4 kg/cm2 IS:14151 Part II 63 mm diameter & 6m long)	30	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	Raingun Sprinkler 1.25" female threaded connection	1	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A
3	Tripod Stand with adapter to feeder line 1.25"x1.5 m	1	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A
4	Quick coupled HDPE Bend with Coupler 900 (63/50 mm);	1	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A
5	Quick coupled HDPE Pump Connecting Nipple 63 mm;	1	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A
6	Quick coupled HDPE End Plug (63 mm);	1	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A
7	Quick coupled HDPE Tee with Coupler (63mm);	1	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A
8	Screen filter 20/25 m3/hr	1	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A
9	By-pass Assembly - 2"x1,5"	1	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A
Usin	g 75 mm coupler					
SN	Components/ Area (ha)	1	2	3	4	5
1	HDPE Pipes with Quick coupled (Pipe of Class 3; 4 kg/cm2 IS:14151 Part II, 75 mm diameter & 6m long)	30	42	NA	NA	NA
2	Raingun Sprinkler 1.25" female threaded connection	1	1	N.A	N.A	N.A
3	Tripod Stand with adapter to feeder line 1.25"x1.5 m	1	1	N.A	N.A	N.A
4	Quick coupled HDPE Bend with Coupler 900 (75 mm);	1	1	N.A	N.A	N.A
5	Quick coupled HDPE Pump Connecting Nipple , 75 mm;	1	1	N.A	N.A	N.A
6	Quick coupled HDPE End Plug (75 mm);	1	1	N.A	N.A	N.A
7	Quick coupled HDPE Tee with Coupler (75 mm);	1	1	N.A	N.A	N.A
8	Screen filter 20/25 m3/hr	1	1	N.A	N.A	N.A
9	By-pass Assembly - 2"x1,5"	1	1	N.A	N.A	N.A
Using 90 mm coupler						
SN	Components/ Area (ha)	1	2	3	4	5
1	HDPE Pipes with Quick coupled (Pipe of Class 3; 4 kg/cm2; IS:14151 Part II, 90 mm diameter & 6m long)	NA	NA	45	52	60
2	Raingun Sprinkler 1.5" female threaded connection	N.A	N.A	1	1	1
3	Tripod Stand with adapter to feeder line 1.5"x1.5 m	N.A	N.A	1	1	1
4	Quick coupled HDPE Bend with Coupler 900 (90 mm);	N.A	N.A	1	1	1
5	Quick coupled HDPE Pump Connecting Nipple, 90 mm;	N.A	N.A	1	1	1
6	Quick coupled HDPE End Plug (90 mm);	N.A	N.A	1	1	1
7	Quick coupled HDPE Tee with Coupler (90 mm);	N.A	N.A	1	1	1
8	Screen filter 30 m3/ hr	N.A	N.A	0	1	1
9	Screen filter 20/25 m3/hr	N.A	N.A	1	0	0
10	By-pass Assembly - 2"x1,5"	N.A	N.A	1	0	0
11	By-pass Assembly - 2 .5"x2"	N.A	N.A	0	1	1



Annexure IX

Water Quality Criteria in Relation to Clogging

The criteria for water quality for conventional irrigation is different from the one meant for irrigating through drip. The clogging hazard with different water qualities are presented below:

Extent of Clogging on the Basis of Quality of Irrigation Water

Ovelity of Weter	Clogging Hazard				
Quality of Water	Slight	Moderate	Severe		
Suspended Solids (ppm)	<50	50-100	>100		
рН	<7.0	7.0-8.0	>8.0		
TDS (ppm)	<500	500-2000	>2000		
Manganese (ppm)	<0.1	0.1-1.5	>1.5		
Iron (ppm)	<0.1	0.1-1.5	>1.5		
Calcium and Magnesium (ppm)	<20	20-40	>40		
Hydrogen sulphide (ppm)	<0.5	0.5-2.0	>2.0		
Bacterial population (No./ml)	<10000	10000-50000	>50000		

Source: Dasberg and Dani, 1999



Annexure X

Guidelines for Selection of Filter

Water Quality	Type of Filter	Remarks
Good without any physical and biological impurities.	Screen	Screen filters hall be suggested only if the physical impurity do not call for cleaning of filter element more than once aday
Water sources with heavy physical and biological impurities.	Only screen filter will not be sufficient	Additional filter is required depending upon the type of water impurity
Water sources with sand and other heavier particles.	Hydro cyclone Separator or Hydro cyclone of matching flow capacity.	Disc/Screen Filter shall be provided after hydro cyclone
Water sources with heavy of Biological impurities such as Algae, trash and other debris.	Media / sand filter	Disc/screen filter should be provided after Media filter
Water sources with heavy sand and other biological impurities such as Algae and trash.	Combination of Hydro Cyclone followed by a Sand Filter	Screen/disc filter should be after sand filter



Annexure-XI

Indicative Price of Optional Components

SN	Optional Component	Appr. Price (Rs)	
1	Sand Filter with back wash assembly IS 14606		
а	10 m ³ /hr x 1.5	9775	
b	20 m ³ /hr x 2	13225	
С	25 m ³ /hr x 2	16100	
d	30 m ³ /hr x 2.5	18400	
2	Hydro cyclone Filter IS 14743		
а	20 m ³ /hr x 2	4025	
b	25 m ³ /hr x 2	4600	
С	30 m ³ /hr x 2.5	6325	
3	Fertilizer Tank with Assembly IS 14483 - Part III		
а	30 litres	3220	
b	60 litres	5750	
4	Winder		
	Drip Line Winder	2000	

Annexure-XII

Other Interventions to be provided as optional, if and only if a farmer opted to install micro-irrigation System in his/her field

SN	Activities	Cost Norms
1	3 ,	50% of cost (Construction cost - Rs. 125 for plain/ Rs. 150 per cum for hilly areas) limited to Rs. 75000 for plain areas and Rs. 90000 for hilly areas including lining. For smaller size of the ponds/ dugwells, cost admissible on pro rata basis. Cost for non-lined ponds/tanks will be 30% less.
2		50% of the total cost of installation limited to Rs. 25,000 / - per unit
3		50% of the cost of renovation limited to Rs. 15,000 / - per unit
4		50% of the cost of recharging limited to Rs. 5000 / - per unit
5	Pipe/pre-cast distribution system	50% of the cost of system limited to Rs. 10,000 / - per ha
6	·	50% of the cost of installation limited to Rs. 15,000 / - per electric / diesel unit and Rs. 50,000 /- per solar / wind unit

Annexure-XIII

रजिस्ट्री सं० डी० एल०-33004/99

REGD. NO. D. L.-33004/99



असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II-खण्ड 3-उप-खण्ड (ii) PART II-Section 3-Sub-section (ii)

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 8031 No. 803] नई दिल्ली, मंगलवार, मार्च 21, 2017/फाल्गुन 30, 1938

NEW DELHI, TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 2017/PHALGUNA 30, 1938

कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्रालय (कृषि, सहकारिता एवं किसान कल्याण विभाग)

अधिसूचना नई दिल्ली, 17 मार्च, 2017

का.आ. 893(अ).— सेवाओं या फायदों या सहायिकियों के परिदान के लिए एक पहचान दस्तावेज के रूप में आधार का उपयोग सरकारी परिदान प्रक्रियाओं का सरलीकरण करता है, पारदर्शिता और दक्षता लाता है और फायदाग्राहियों को

सुविधापूर्वक और निर्बाध रीति में उनकी हकदारियों को सीधे प्राप्त करने में समर्थ बनाता है और आधार किसी व्यक्ति की पहचान को साबित करने के लिए बहुल दस्तावेज प्रस्तुत करने की आवश्यकता को समाप्त करता है:

और जबकि भारत सरकार में कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्रालय (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात मंत्रालय कहा गया है) अनुमोदित वित्त पोषण पद्धति के अनुसार राज्य सरकार अथवा संघ राज्य क्षेत्र प्रशासन के अधीन नोडल विभागों (जिसे इसमें

इसके पश्चात विभाग कहा गया है) को अनुदान सहायता प्रदान करके केन्द्रीय प्रायोजित स्कीम के रूप में प्रधानमंत्री कृषि सिंचाई स्कीम (पीएमकेएसवाई) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात स्कीम कहा गया है) के "प्रति बुंद अधिक फसल घटक" का कार्यान्वयन कर रहा है।

और जबिक स्कीम के अधीन दी जा रही अनुदान सहायता राज्य नोडल अभिकरणों अथवा रजिस्टीकृत अथवा पैनलीकृत कम्पनियों (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात कार्यान्वयन अभिकरण कहा गया है) के माध्यम से किसानों (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात लाभार्थी कहा गया है) को सहायता प्राप्त सुक्ष्म सिंचाई प्रणालियां तथा अन्य फायदे अथवा अन्य सेवाएं प्रदान करने के लिए है।

और जबकि स्कीम के अधीन प्रदान किए गए फायदों में भारत की संचित निधि से उपगत पूर्ण अथवा आंशिक आवर्ती व्यय अंतर्वलित है।

अत: अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार आधार (वित्तीय और अन्य सहायिकियों, प्रमुविधाओँ और सेवाओं का लक्ष्यित परिदान) अधिनियम, 2016 (2016 का 18) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 7 के उपबंधों के अनुसरण में निम्नलिखित अधिसूचित करती हैं, अर्थात:-

1522 GI/2017

(1)

- (1) स्कीम के अधीन फायदा प्राप्त करने के पात्र व्यक्ति से अपेक्षा की जाती है कि वह आधार संख्या रखने का सबूत प्रस्तुत करे अथवा आधार अधिप्रमाणन करवाएं।
- (2) इस स्कीम के अधीन फायदे प्राप्त करने के हकदार व्यक्ति, जिसके पास आधार संख्या नहीं है अथवा जिसने आधार के लिए नामांकन नहीं करवाया है, परंतु वह इस स्कीम के अधीन फायदा प्राप्त करने का इच्छुक है, के लिए 31.12.2017 तक आधार नामांकन के लिए आवेदन करना आवश्यक है परन्तु वह उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 3 के अनुसार आधार अभिप्राप्त करने का हकदार हो और ऐसा व्यक्ति आधार के लिए नामांकन करवाने के लिए किसी भी आधार नामांकन केंद्र (भारतीय विशिष्ट पहचान प्राधिकरण की वेबसाइट www.uidai.gov.in पर उपलब्ध सूची) पर जा सकते हैं।
- (3) आधार (नामांकन और अद्यतन) विनियम, 2016 के विनियम 12 के अनुसार कार्यान्वयन अभिकरणों राज्यों अथवा संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों में स्कीम के कार्यान्वयन का भारसाधक संबंधित विभाग, जो किसी व्यक्ति से आधार प्रस्तुन करने की अपेक्षा करता है, से अपेक्षा की जाती है कि वह उन फायदाग्राहियों को आधार नामांकन सुविधा प्रदान करे जिन्होंने आधार के लिए अभी तक नामांकित नहीं किया है और यदि सबंद्ध ब्लॉक अथवा तालुका अथवा तहसील में कोई भी आधार नामांकन केंद्र स्थित नहीं है तो राज्यों अथवा संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों में स्कीम के कार्यान्वयन से संबंधित भारसाधक विभाग कार्यान्वयन अभिकरण के माध्यम से अपेक्षित है कि वह भारतीय विशिष्ट पहचान प्राधिकरण के वर्तमान रिजस्ट्रार के सहयोग से अथवा स्वयं भारतीय विशिष्ट पहचान प्राधिकरण रिजस्ट्रार बनकर सुविधाजनक स्थान पर आधार नामांकन सुविधाएं प्रदान करे।

परन्तु यह कि उस व्यक्ति को आधार समनुदेशित किए जाने के समय तक उक्त स्कीम के अधीन फायदा निम्नलिखित पहचान दस्तावेज प्रस्तुत करने के अधीन रहते हुए ऐसे व्यक्तियों को प्रदान किया जाएगा, अर्थात:-

(क) (i) आधार नामाकंन पर्ची, यदि हिताधिकारी ने आधार के लिए नामाकंन दिया है;

अथवा

- (ii) हिताधिकारी द्वारा पैरा-2 के उप पैरा (ख) में यथा विनिर्दिष्ट आधार नामांकन के लिए किए गए अनुरोध की प्रति; और
- (ख) (i) मतदाता पहचान पत्र; अथवा (ii) स्थार्ड खाता संख्यांक (पैन) कार्ड; अथवा (iii) पासपोर्ट; अथवा (iv) राशन कार्ड; अथवा (v) सरकारी कर्मचारी का आईडी कार्ड; अथवा (vi) बैंक/पोस्ट ऑफिस पासबुक फोटो के साथ; (vii) मनरेगा कार्ड; अथवा (viii) किसान फोटो पासबुक; अथवा (ix) मोटर अधिनियम, 1988 (1988 का 59) के अंतर्गत अनुज्ञापन प्राधिकारी द्वारा जारी चालन अनुज्ञप्ति; अथवा (x) सरकारी लैटर हैड पर किसी राजपत्रित अधिकारी अथवा तहसीलदार द्वारा जारी ऐसे सदस्य की फोटो वाला पहचान प्रमाण पत्र; अथवा (xi) राज्य सरकार अथवा संघ राज्यक्षेत्र प्रशासन द्वारा यथाविनिर्दिष्ट अन्य कोई दस्तावेज:

परन्तु यह और कि इस उद्देश्य के लिए राज्य सरकार अथवा संघ राज्य क्षेत्र प्रशासन द्वारा विनिर्दिष्ट रूप से पदाभिहित अधिकारी द्वारा उपयुक्त दस्तावेज की जांच की जाएगी।

- 2. इस स्कीम के अधीन हिताधिकारियों को सुविधाजनक व बाधामुक्त फायदे प्रदान करने के लिए अभिकरणों राज्य सरकार अथवा संघ राज्य क्षेत्र प्रशासन में स्कीम के कार्यान्वयन का भारसाधक मंबंधित विभाग मभी आवश्यक व्यवस्थाएं, जिनमें निम्नलिखित भी हैं, करेंगे अर्थात:
- (क) इस स्कीम के अधीन आधार की आवश्यकता के बारे में हिताधिकारियों को जागरूक बनाने के लिए कार्यान्वयन अभिकरणों के माध्यम से मीडिया व्यष्टिक सूचना के माध्यम से व्यापक प्रचार किया जाए और यदि आवेदक ने नामांकन नहीं

करवाया है तो उन्हें 31.12.2017 तक अपने क्षेत्रों में उपलब्ध निकटतम नामांकन केंद्रों पर नामांकन करवाने की सलाह दी जाए और उन्हें स्थानीय रूप से उपलब्ध नामांकन केंद्रों (<u>www.uidai.gov.in</u> पर सूची उपलब्ध) की सूची उपलब्ध कराई जाएगी।

- (ख) यदि निकट आसपड़ोस जैसे ब्लॉक अथवा तहसील अथवा तालुका में नामांकन केंद्रों की अनुपलब्धता के कारण इस स्कीम के अधीन हिताधिकारी आधार के लिए नामांकन करवा पाने में समर्थ नहीं है, कार्यान्वयन अभिकरणों के माध्यम मे राज्य सरकार या संघ राज्य क्षेत्र प्रशासन में स्कीम के कार्यान्वयन के भारसाधक संबंधित विभाग से सुविधाजनक अवस्थानों पर आधार नामांकन सुविधाएं सृजित करना अपेक्षित है और इस उद्देश्य के लिए कार्यान्वयन अभिकरणों अथवा वेब-पोर्टल के माध्यम से संबंधित अधिकारियों को अपना नाम, पता व मोबाइल नंबर और पैरा 1 के उप पैरा (3) के परंतुक में यथाविनिर्दिण्ट अन्य ब्यौरा देकर आधार नामांकन के लिए रजिस्ट्रीकरण करवाने का हिताधिकारियों से अनुरोध किया जाये।
- 3. यह अधिसूचना असम, मेघालय और जम्मू-कश्मीर को छोड़कर सभी राज्यों और संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों में राजपत्र में इसके प्रकाशन की तारीख से प्रभावी होगी।

[फा. सं. 19-59/2016-आरएफएस-॥] आर. बी. सिन्हा, संयुक्त सचिव

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE (Department of Agriculture Cooperation and Farmers Welfare) NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 17th March, 2017

S.O. 893(E).—Whereas, the use of Aadhaar as identity document for delivery of services or benefits or subsidies simplifies the Government delivery processes, brings in transparency and efficiency, and enables beneficiaries to get their entitlements directly in a convenient and seamless manner and Aadhaar obviates the need for producing multiple documents to prove one's identity;

And whereas, the Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (hereinafter referred to as Ministry) in the Government of India is implementing the "Per Drop More Crop" component of the Prime Minister Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) (hereinafter referred to as the Scheme) as a Centrally Sponsored Scheme by providing Grant-in-Aid to the concerned nodal Departments (hereinafter referred to as Department) under the State Government or Union territory Administration, as per the approved funding pattern;

And whereas, the Grant-in-Aid given under the Scheme is meant for providing subsidized Micro-Irrigation System and other benefits or services (hereinafter referred to as the benefits) to the farmers (hereinafter referred to as Implementing Agencies); (hereinafter referred to as Implementing Agencies);

And whereas, the benefits offered under the Scheme involve full or partial recurring expenditures incurred from the Consolidated Fund of India;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of section 7 of the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016 (18 of 2016) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the Central Government hereby notifies the following, namely:-

- (1) An Individual eligible to receive the benefits under the Scheme is hereby required to furnish proof of possession of Aadhaar number or undergo Aadhaar authentication.
 - (2) Any Individual entitled to receive the benefits under the Scheme, who does not possess the Aadhaar number or, has not yet enrolled for Aadhaar, but desirous of availing the benefits under the Scheme, is hereby required to make application for Aadhaar enrollment by 31.12.2017, provided she or he is entitled to obtain Aadhaar as per section 3 of the said Act and such individuals shall visit any Aadhaar enrollment centre (list available at Unique Identification Authority of India (UIDAI) website www.ujdai.gov.in) to get enrolled for Aadhaar.
 - (3) As per regulation 12 of Aadhaar (Enrolment and Update) Regulations, 2016, the concerned Department in charge of implementation of the Scheme in the States or Union territories through its Implementing Agencies, which requires an individual to furnish Aadhaar, is required to offer Aadhaar enrolment facilities for the beneficiaries who are not yet enrolled for Aadhaar, and in case there is no Aadhaar enrolment centre located in

the respective Block or Taluka or Tehsil, the concerned Department in charge of implementation of the Scheme in the States or Union territories through its Implementing Agencies is required to provide Aadhaar enrolment facilities at convenient locations in coordination with the existing Registrars of UIDAI or by becoming UIDAI Registrar themselves:

Provided that till the time Aadhaar is assigned to the individual, benefits under the Scheme shall be given to such individuals subject to the production of the following identification documents, namely:-

(i) if she or he has enrolled, her or his Aadhaar Enrolment ID slip; or

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- (ii) a copy of her or his request made for Aadhaar enrolment, as specified in sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph 2
- (b) (i) Voter Identity Card; or (ii) Permanent Account Number (PAN) Card; or (iii) Passport; or (iv) Ration Card; or (v) Employee Government ID Card; or (vi) Bank / Post office Passbook with Photo (vii) MGNREGS card; or (viii) Kisan Photo passbook; or (ix) Driving license issued by the Licensing Authority under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (59 of 1988); or (x) Certificate of identity having photo of such member issued by a Gazetted Officer or a Tehsildar on an official letter head; or (xi) Any other document as specified by the State Government or Union territory Administration;

Provided further that the above documents shall be checked by an officer specifically designated by State Government or Union territory Administration for that purpose.

- In order to provide convenient and hassle free benefits under the Scheme to the beneficiaries, the concerned Department in charge of implementation of the Scheme in the State Government or Union territory Administration, shall make all the required arrangements including the following, namely:-
 - (a) Wide publicity through media and individual notices through shall be given through its Implementing Agencies to the beneficiaries to make them aware of the requirement of Aadhaar under the Scheme and they may be advised to get themselves enrolled at the nearest Aadhaar enrolment centres available in their areas by 31.12.2017, in case they are not already enrolled and the list of locally available enrolment centres (list available at www.uidai.gov.in) shall be made available to them.
 - (b) In case, the beneficiaries under the Scheme are not able to enroll for Aadhaar due to non-availability of enrolment centres in the near vicinity such as in the Block or Taluka or Tehsil, the concerned Department in charge of implementation of the Scheme in State Government or Union territory Administration through its Implementing Agencies is required to create Aadhaar enrolment facilities at convenient locations, and the beneficiaries may be requested to register their requests for Aadhaar enrolment by giving their names, addresses, mobile numbers and other details as specified in the proviso to sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1, with the concerned official of the Implementing Agencies or through the web portal provided for the purpose.
- This notification shall come into effect from the date of its publication in the Official Gazette in all States and Union territorics except the States of Assam, Meghalaya and Jammu and Kashmir.

[F. No. 19-59/2016-RFS-III]

R. B. SINHA, Jt. Secy.

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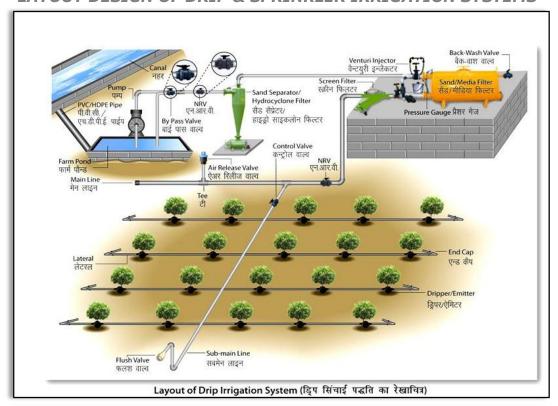
Annexure XIV

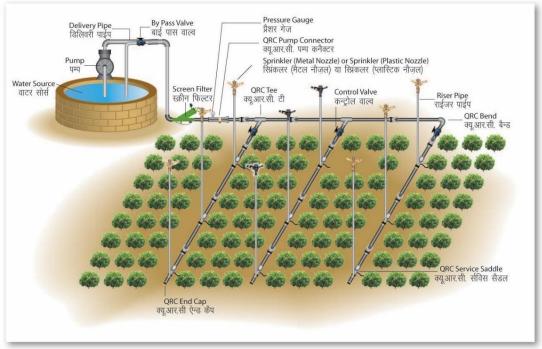
List of BIS Standards

SN	Component Description	BIS
1	Polyethylene pipes for Irrigation- Laterals with amendment number 6	IS 12786: 1989 (reaffirmed 2009)
2	Irrigation Equipment-Emitters- Specification	IS 13487: 1992 (reaffirmed 2009)
3	Irrigation Equipment-Emitting pipes system- Specification (first revision)	IS 13488: 2008 (reaffirmed 2014)
4	Irrigation Equipment-Strainer type filters Specification (first revision)	IS 12785: 1994 (reaffirmed 2011)
5	Irrigation equipment rotating sprinkler Part I, Design and Operational requirements (1st revision)	IS 12232 (Part I) -1996 (reaffirmed 2011)
6	Irrigation equipment rotating sprinkler Part 2, Test method for uniformity of distribution (1st revision)	S 12232 (Part 2) -1995 (reaffirmed 2011)
7	Fertilizer and Chemicals Injection system Part I Venturi Injector	IS 14483 (Part 1) 1997 (reaffirmed 2009)
8	Irrigation Equipment-Media Filters- Specification	IS 14606: 1998 (reaffirmed 2009)
9	Irrigation Equipment-Hydro cyclone filter-Specification	IS 14743: 1999 (reaffirmed 2009)
10	Unplasticized PVC pipes for portable water supplies- Specification (third revision)	IS 4985 – 2000
11	Irrigation equipment- Sprinkler pipes -Specifications Part II Quick coupled Polyethylene pipes & fittings (second revision)	IS I4151 (part II) 2008 (reaffirmed 2014)
12	High Density Polyethylene Pipes for water supply- Specification (fourth revision)	IS 4984 : 2016
13	Fertilizer & Chemical Injector System- Partjnq 3 Fertilizer Tank	IS:14483 Part 3 – 2018

Source: Online catalogue of Bureau of Indian Standards

LAYOUT DESIGN OF DRIP & SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS





Layout of Sprinkler Irrigation System (छिड़काव सिंचाई प्रणाली का रेखाचित्र)